



SUPPLEMENT No. 2
T O
THE SOVEREIGN BASE AREAS GAZETTE
No. 772 of 15th April, 1987.
L E G I S L A T I O N

ORDINANCE 7 OF 1987.

AN ORDINANCE

TO AMEND THE CRIMINAL CODE.

K. W. HAYR,
ADMINISTRATOR

31st March, 1987.

BE it enacted by the Administrator of the Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Criminal Code (Amendment) Ordinance, 1987 and shall be read as one with the Criminal Code, as amended from time to time (hereinafter referred to as “the principal Ordinance”).

Short title.

Cap. 154—
(Laws of
Cyprus), and
Ordinances
11/63, 17/63,
10/66, 8/72,
1/73, 4/74,
7/79 and 8/82.

2. Section 113 of the principal Ordinance is hereby amended by deleting the words “a summary trial or in a preliminary inquiry” appearing in the fifth line of subsection (2) thereof and substituting therefor the words “any trial”.

Section 113
of the principal
Ordinance
amended.

3. The principal Ordinance is hereby amended by inserting immediately after Section 305 thereof the following new heading and Section to be numbered 305A:—

New Section
305A added
to the principal
Ordinance.

“CHEQUES WITHOUT SECURITY.

Issue of cheques
without security.

305A.—(1) Any person who issues a cheque which on presentation to the Bank on which it was issued, within a reasonable time from the date on which such cheque becomes payable, is not honoured because of the lack of liquid assets held by the Drawer in such Bank, and fails to honour such cheque within fifteen days from the date on which he first has knowledge that the said cheque has been presented and not honoured, shall be

guilty of an offence for which he shall be liable, on conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, unless he proves that at the time of issuing the cheque he had reasonable cause to believe that on presentation of such cheque there were liquid assets in the Bank sufficient to honour it.

(2) Any person who, without reasonable excuse, causes a cheque issued by him not to be honoured, shall be guilty of an offence for which he shall be liable, on conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months unless he proves that he had reasonable cause to believe that he had a right to cause such cheque to be dishonoured or cancelled.

(3) This Section shall not apply to any cheque which is not in satisfaction of an obligation for the breach of which the drawer would be liable in civil proceedings.”.

31st March, 1987.

(128/2/2)

J. P. COLSTON,
Acting Chief Officer.
