THE PROTECTION AND MANAGEMENT OF NATURE AND WILDLIFE ORDINANCE 2007

This is a consolidated version of this legislation i.e. it incorporates all amendments made since the legislation was enacted as set out in the table below. It has been produced by the SBAA as an aid to transparency and easier access to SBA law. However, it is not the official version of SBA legislation and, although every effort has been made to check the document, its accuracy cannot be guaranteed. The official version of legislation is published in the SBA Gazette.

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SCHEDULE 5 — PROHIBITED IMPORT PRODUCTS
An Ordinance to provide for the protection and management of nature and wildlife; to prohibit the importation of skins and products deriving from the skins of seal pups; to amend the Streets and Buildings Regulation (Consolidation) Ordinance 1980 and for related purposes.

BE it enacted by the Administrator of the Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia as follows:—

PART 1

Preliminary

Short title

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Protection and Management of Nature and Wildlife Ordinance 2007

Interpretation

2. In this Ordinance—

“Community Council” means a Council established in accordance with the Communities Law of the Republic, Law 86(I)/1999 (as such law may be amended from time to time), the Akrotiri Community Ordinance 2001 (a) or the Overlapping Communities Ordinance 2001 (b);

“conservation status of a natural habitat” means the result of all influences acting on a natural habitat and its typical species that may affect its long term natural distribution, structure and functions and the long-term survival of its typical species in the Areas;

“conservation status of a species” means the result of all influences acting on a natural species that may affect its long term distribution and the long-term size of its population in the Areas;

“corresponding Republican Law” means the Protection and Management of Nature and Wildlife Law 2003 of the Republic, Law 153(I)/2003, as such law may be amended from time to time;

“game” has the meaning given to this term by section 2 of the Protection and Management of Game and Wild Birds Ordinance 2004 (c);

“habitat of a species” means an environment defined by specific abiotic and biotic factors in which the species lives at any stage of its biological cycle;

“immovable property” has the meaning given to this term by section 2 of the Immovable Property (Tenure, Registration and Valuation) Ordinance (d);

“Inspector” means a person appointed or authorised to act as such in accordance with section 24;

“moufflon” means the species of Ovis orientalis ophion;

(a) Ordinance 23/2001
(b) Ordinance 27/2001
(c) Ordinance 15/2004
(d) Cap 224, Statute Laws of Cyprus revised edition 1959, as applied to and adapted in the Areas by the Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia Order in Council 1960 (SI 1960/1369, United Kingdom) and the Laws (Adaptation and Interpretation) (Consolidation and Extension) Ordinance 1968 (S/68)
“natural habitat” means any terrestrial or aquatic area or wetlands distinguished by geographic, abiotic and biotic features, whether entirely natural or semi-natural;
“natural habitat of European interest” means a habitat which is included in Schedule 1;
“plan” and “programme” have the meanings given to those terms in section 2 of the Environmental Assessment of Plans and Programmes Ordinance 2016(a); (b)
“priority natural habitat” means a natural habitat of European interest which is marked by an asterisk in Schedule 1;
“priority species” means a species of European interest which is marked by an asterisk in Schedule 2;
“project” has the meaning given to that term in section 2 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance 2010(c); (d)
“plan” and “project” have the meanings given to such terms by section 2 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance 2003(e); (f)
“plan” has the meaning given to that term in the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance 2003(g); (h)
“Schedule 1” means Schedule I of the corresponding Republican law.
“Schedule 2” means Schedule II of the corresponding Republican law.
“Schedule 3” means Schedule III of the corresponding Republican law.
“Schedule 4” means Schedule IV of the corresponding Republican law. (i)
“Scientific Committee” means the committee established in accordance with section 4 of the corresponding Republican Law;
“Special Area of Conservation” means an area prescribed as such under section 8;
“Special Protection Area” means an area prescribed as such under section 7 of the Protection and Management of Game and Wild Birds Ordinance 2004;
“species” means any group of organisms whose members actually or potentially interbreed and produce viable offspring;
“species of European interest” means a species which is included in Schedules 2, 3 or 4;
“specimen” means any species of flora or fauna of European interest, whether alive or dead, any part or derivative of such species and any other goods which appear from an accompanying document, the packaging or a mark or label, or from any other circumstances, to be parts or derivatives of such species of flora or fauna;
“taxidermist’s licence” means a taxidermist’s licence issued by the Republic under the corresponding Republican Law”; (j)
“wild bird” has the meaning given to this term by section 2 of the Protection and Management of Game and Wild Birds Ordinance 2004;
“wild fauna” means any animal which by nature lives in the wild, other than any wild —— bird, game or moufflon. (k)
“wild fauna” means any animal which by nature lives in the wild other than a wild bird or game species.

(a) Ordinance 5/2016
(b) Definition inserted by Ordinance 4/2016 – came into force on 01 March 2016
(c) Ordinance 26/2010
(d) Definition inserted by Ordinance 4/2016 – came into force on 01 March 2016
(e) Ordinance 11/2003
(f) Definition repealed and replaced by Ordinance 26/2008 – came into force on 18 December 2008
(g) Ordinance 11/2003
(h) Definition repealed by Ordinance 4/2016 – came into force on 01 May 2016
(i) Definition inserted by Ordinance 10/2008 – came into force on 28 May 2008
(j) Definition inserted by Ordinance 26/2008 – came into force on 18 December 2008
(k) Definition inserted by Ordinance 26/2008 – came into force on 18 December 2008
PART 2

General Provisions

**Principal (a) Objectives of this Ordinance**

3.—(1) The *principal (b)* objectives of this Ordinance are to provide for –

(a) the protection of bio-diversity through the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora in the Areas;

(b) the maintenance or restoration to a favourable conservation status of natural habitats of European interest and of species of European interest;

(c) the restriction of the importation into the Areas of skins and products deriving from the skins of seal pups for the purpose of trading of such items.

(2) The Chief Officer will, when taking any measures in accordance with this Ordinance, have regard to any economic, social or cultural implications of any such measure and of any regional and local characteristics of the area in which the measure is to apply.

**Advice from experts**

4.—(1) The Chief Officer may, in exercising any of the powers or performing any of the duties conferred or imposed on him by this Ordinance –

(a) ask the Scientific Committee to provide a written opinion on the matter under consideration; and

(b) in addition to or in place of seeking a written opinion from the Scientific Committee, ask such other environmental expert as he may appoint to advise him to provide a written opinion on the matter under consideration.

(2) Where the Chief Officer requests a written opinion in accordance with subsection (1) he must have regard to it in determining how to exercise the power or perform the duty in relation to which the opinion was sought.

(3) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1), the Chief Officer may request a written opinion from such of the persons referred to in that subsection particularly in relation to the following-

(a) any research that will assist in the protection, management and exploitation of the populations of all species of wild fauna and wild birds;

(b) establishing the impact of any method of exploitation on the population of species of wild fauna and wild birds;

(c) the improvement and development of ecological methods for preventing any damage caused by wild fauna and wild birds;

(d) establishing the role of specific species of wild fauna and wild birds as pollution indicators;

(e) the results of any survey on the effect of any chemical pollution on the population of any species of wild fauna and wild birds;

(f) the promotion of the necessary research and scientific activities in order to achieve the objectives of this Ordinance;

(g) the promotion of education and general information in relation to the need to protect all species of wild fauna and flora and the conservation of their habitats and generally of any natural habitats;

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(a) The word “Principal” inserted by Ordinance 26/2008 – came into force on 18 December 2008

(b) The word “Principal” inserted by Ordinance 26/2008 – came into force on 18 December 2008
(h) the areas which are designated as protected zones or areas or coasts and nature protection sites in any development plan carried out in accordance with any Ordinance corresponding to the Town and Country Planning Law of the Republic.

Register

5.—(1) The Chief Officer will keep a register in the prescribed form in which he will enter any Special Area of Conservation and any Special Protection Area.

(2) The boundaries of an area included in the register will be delineated on a map and attached to the register.

(3) The Chief Officer will maintain the register by updating it as required to take account of any modifications or deletions of any entry in it.

(4) A copy of the register is available to the public for inspection free of charge during the normal working hours of the Headquarters of the Sovereign Base Areas Administration.

(5) The Chief Officer will notify any entry to or modification of the register—
   (a) to any owner or tenant of any immovable property within the relevant area,
   (b) to any Community Council which has jurisdiction within a relevant area,
   (c) to such other persons as he considers appropriate.

PART 3
Conservation of Natural Habitats, Habitats and of Wild Fauna and Flora

Definition of purposes of this Part

6. For the purposes of sections 7, 8 and 9 the definitions of “species of European interest” and “priority species” will be taken to include the moufflon.

List of areas of European environmental interest

7.—(1) The Chief Officer may publish in the Gazette a list of areas which he considers to be of European environmental interest.

(2) A list published in accordance with subsection (1) will contain the following information—
   (a) the natural habitat types of European interest and the priority natural habitat types which are considered to be within the proposed area;
   (b) any species of European interest and priority species which are considered to exist in the proposed area, and
   (c) any other significant habitats and species which are considered to be within or to exist in the proposed area.

(3) In relation to fauna species that range over wide areas, an area included in a list published in accordance with subsection (1) will correspond to the places within the natural range of such species which present the physical or biological factors essential to their life and breeding.

(4) An area may only be included in a list published in accordance with subsection (1) in relation to an aquatic species that ranges over a wide area where there is a clearly identifiable area representing the physical or biological factors essential to their life and breeding.

(5) A list published in accordance with this section will, in relation to each proposed area, include—
   (a) a map of the area;
   (b) the name and location of the area;
   (c) its extent; and
(d) any relevant information relied on by the Chief Officer which was provided to him by the Scientific Committee or such other environmental expert as the Chief Officer may have appointed to advise him regarding the importance of that area as a natural habitat or for any species set out in that list.

(6) Any person may, within 30 days from the date of the publication of the list, make representations to the Chief Officer on the proposal to designate the area described in that list as a Special Area of Conservation.

(7) The Chief Officer will, having regard to any representations made in accordance with subsection (6), publish in the Gazette the final list of areas of European environmental interest.

(8) The Chief Officer may, in accordance with the procedure referred to in subsections (1) – (7), publish in the Gazette a list of other areas in which there are other natural habitat types and species of local importance and priority.

Special Areas of Conservation

8.—(1) The Chief Officer may by order published in the Gazette, prescribe as a Special Area of Conservation any area included in the list published in accordance with section 7.

(2) The Chief Officer may by order published in the Gazette, prescribe any priority measures which are to apply to a Special Area of Conservation having regard to—

(a) the importance of the Special Area of Conservation for the conservation or restoration to a favourable conservation status of any natural habitat of European interest or of any species of European interest which is included in Schedule 2;

(b) the need to avoid any risk of deterioration or destruction of the natural habitat or habitat which may threaten the Special Area of Conservation; and

(c) the need to avoid and prevent any disturbance that may impact on the Special Area of Conservation and which could significantly affect the objectives of this Ordinance.

Management and Protection of a Special Area of Conservation

9.—(1) The Chief Officer will, by order published in the Gazette, prescribe measures for the management and protection of a Special Area of Conservation including but not limited to—

(a) the prohibition of a specified activity or operation;

(b) requiring the undertaking of a specified activity or operation by such person as may be specified in the order;

(c) the taking of any specified conservation measure by such person as may be specified in the order;

(d) the establishment of a management plan for the area.

Appropriate assessment

10.—(1) Subsection (2) applies where a plan or(a) plan, programme or(b) project (whether or not it requires a building permit under any Ordinance planning permission under the Town and Country Planning Ordinance 2022 or an equivalent under any other Ordinance) (c) which is not directly related to or necessary to the management of any area within a Special Area of Conservation, but which, in the opinion of the Chief Officer, may either on its own or in combination with another plan, programme or project or plan affect such an area.

(2) A plan or plan, programme or project of the kind referred to in subsection (1) is subject to an appropriate assessment by a competent authority of its implications for the area in view of—

(a) The words “plan or” and “or plan” deleted wherever it appears in section 10 by Ordinance 26/08 – came into force on 18 December 2008

(b) Text inserted wherever it appears in section 10 by Ordinance 4/2016 – came into force on 01 March 2016

(c) Amended by Ordinance 10/2022 – came into force on 15 May 2022
(a) the conservation objectives of the specific area in which the plan or plan, programme or project will be based;

(b) the conservation objectives of the relevant Special Area of Conservation as a whole; and

(c) public opinion of the plan or plan, programme or project (where such opinion is required to be sought in accordance with Regulations made under this section).

(3) In considering whether to approve a plan or plan, programme or project in accordance with this section, the Chief Officer must have regard to the manner in which it is proposed to be carried out and to any conditions or restrictions subject to which the approval should be given.

(4) Subject to subsections (5) to (7), a plan or plan, programme or project will be approved by the Chief Officer—— the Chief Officer may approve a plan, programme or project (b) only where he is satisfied as a result of the appropriate assessment that the plan or plan, programme or project will not have an adverse effect on the integrity or the character of the Special Area of Conservation.

(5) In the absence of satisfactory alternatives, the Chief Officer may approve a plan or plan, programme or project notwithstanding that the appropriate assessment concludes that it may have an adverse effect on the integrity or the character of the Special Area of Conservation only where he is satisfied that the plan or plan, programme or project is necessary for imperative reasons of overriding public interest, including those of a social or economic nature.

(6) Subsection (5) Subsection (7) (e) (d) applies where the Special Area of Conservation affected by the plan, programme or project or plan hosts a priority natural habitat type or a priority species.

(7) In the absence of satisfactory alternatives, the Chief Officer may approve a plan or plan, programme or project notwithstanding that the appropriate assessment concludes that it may have an adverse effect on the integrity or the character of the Special Area of Conservation only on grounds of public health or safety or for reasons relating to beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment.

(8) Where the Chief Officer approves a plan or plan, programme or project in accordance with subsection (5) or (7), he must, by order published in the Gazette, prescribe any compensatory measures required for the purposes of eliminating or reducing the adverse effects the plan or project may have on the Special Area of Conservation.

(8A) If the Chief Officer does not approve a plan, programme or project, it must not go ahead.

(8A) Where the Chief Officer approves a plan, programme or project in accordance with subsection (4), (5) or (7), he may grant such approval subject to any conditions or restrictions as he sees fit.

(9) The Chief Officer may make regulations to be published in the Gazette for the purpose of prescribing the procedure to be followed by a competent authority in carrying out an appropriate assessment, including the method for seeking public opinion on the proposed plan or plan, programme or project and the occasions on which this is required to be done.

(10) For the purposes of this section, a competent authority means—

(a) Her Majesty’s forces where the Special Area of Conservation affected by the plan, programme or project or plan includes any land occupied by the Crown in any capacity or any land to which access is controlled or restricted by the Crown in any capacity;

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(a) Text deleted and new text inserted by Ordinance 11/2019 – came into force on 18 December 2019

(b) Text deleted and new text inserted by Ordinance 11/2019 – came into force on 18 December 2019

(c) Corrected by corrigendum 35/2007 – dated 07 September 2008

(d) A corrigendum was issued in 2007 to the effect that the reference to (5) in subsection (6) was an error and should be read as (7), Ordinance 26/2008 renders the corrigendum unnecessary – came into force on 18 December 2008

(e) Subsection (8A) inserted by Ordinance 26/2008 – came into force on 18 December 2008

(f) Subsection (8A) repealed and replaced by Ordinance 11/2019 – came into force on 18 December 2019
(b) the Senior Environmental Adviser for the Sovereign Base Areas Administration in any other case.

**Protection of species of fauna listed in Part A of Schedule 3 (a)**

11. (1) It is prohibited for any person to deliberately capture or kill in its natural range any relevant species.

(2) It is prohibited for any person to deliberately disturb in its natural range any relevant species so as to affect its ability to survive, breed, rear or nurture its young, migrate, or so as to affect the local distribution or abundance of that species.

(3) It is prohibited for any person to deliberately destroy or take from the wild an egg of any relevant species.

(4) It is prohibited for any person to destroy, disturb or cause damage to any breeding site or resting place in its natural range of any relevant species.

(5) It is prohibited for any person to possess, transport for sale, sell or exchange or offer for sale or exchange any relevant species or any readily recognisable part or derivative of such species.

(6) Subsections (1), (2) and (5) apply to all stages of the biological cycle of any relevant species.

(7) For the purposes of this section, “relevant species” means a species of fauna of European interest which is listed in Part A of Schedule 3 and any species of local interest specified in a list published in accordance with section 7(8).

**Protection of moufflon and fauna of European interest or local importance**

11. — (1) A person must not, in relation to an animal belonging to a relevant species:

(a) intentionally or recklessly capture or kill the animal;

(b) intentionally disturb in its natural range the animal so as to affect its ability to survive, breed, rear or nurture its young or migrate, or so as to affect the local distribution or abundance of that species;

(c) intentionally destroy an egg or take it from the wild;

(d) destroy, disturb, or damage the animal’s breeding site or resting place;

(e) possess, transport for sale, sell or exchange or offer for sale or exchange the animal or any part or derivative of the animal.

(2) Subsection (1) applies at all stages of the biological cycle of an animal.

(3) For the purposes of this section, “relevant species” means moufflon or a species of fauna of European interest which is listed in Part A of Schedule 3, or any species of local interest specified in a list published under section 7(8).

**Continuous monitoring system**

12. — (1) The Chief Officer may prescribe by regulations to be published in the Gazette a continuous monitoring system of incidental captures or killing of any species of fauna of European interest which is listed in Part A of Schedule 3 and any species of local interest specified in a list published in accordance with section 7(8).

(2) The Chief Officer may, having regard to the results of any monitoring carried out in accordance with subsection (1), prescribe by regulations to be published in the Gazette such other investigatory or conservation measures as he deems necessary for the purpose of ensuring that the said incidental captures or killings do not have a negative impact on the relevant species.

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(a) Section 11 repealed and replaced by Ordinance 26/2008 – came into force on 18 December 2008
Protection of species of flora listed in Part B of Schedule 3

13.—(1) Subject to the Forest Ordinance 1980 (a), it is prohibited for any person to deliberately pick, collect, cut, uproot or destroy in its natural range any specimen of species of flora of European interest which is listed in Part B of Schedule 3.

(2) It is prohibited for any person to possess, transport for sale, sell or exchange, or offer for sale or exchange any species of flora of European interest which is listed in Part B of Schedule 3.

(3) Subsections (1) and (2) apply to all stages of the biological cycle of any species of flora of European interest which is listed in Part B of Schedule 3.

Protection of species of flora and fauna listed in Schedule 4

14.—(1) The Chief Officer may, having regard to the results of any monitoring carried out in accordance with section 12, by order published in the Gazette, prescribe measures aimed at ensuring that the taking in the wild of any specimen of any species of flora and fauna of European interest which is included in Schedule 4, and its exploitation, is compatible with the maintenance of a favourable conservation status of such species.

(2) An order made in accordance with subsection (1) may—

(a) regulate access to such property as may be specified in the order;

(b) prohibit on a temporary basis, or in relation to a specified area, the taking in the wild or the exploitation of any specimen of any species of flora and fauna specified in the order;

(c) regulate the periods during which specimens may be taken and the methods for taking such specimens;

(d) make provision for the breeding of fauna species in captivity as well as artificial propagation of flora species, under strictly controlled conditions, with a view to reducing the taking of specimens of the wild.

(3) Any order made in accordance with this section will apply in addition to the continuous monitoring carried out in accordance with section 12.

Prohibited means of capture and killing of fauna species listed in Schedule 4

15.—(1) It is prohibited for any person to -

(a) use any indiscriminate means of capture or killing of any species of fauna of European interest which is listed in Part A of Schedule 4 which is of a kind that its use may cause such a reduction in the number of the species locally as to threaten or lead to the local extinction of the species, or

(b) to use any means which seriously disturbs the peaceful environment of any such species and,

(c) in particular, it is prohibited to use any of the means described in subsections (3), (4) and (5).

(2) Where, in accordance with a licence granted under section 16, the taking of any specimen is permitted, or the capture or killing of any species of fauna of European interest which is listed in Part A of Schedule 3 is permitted, it is prohibited for a person in exercising that permission to –

(a) use any indiscriminate means of capture or killing which is of a kind that its use may cause such a reduction in the number of the species locally as to threaten or lead to the local extinction of the species, or

(b) to use any means which seriously disturbs the peaceful environment of any such species, and

(c) in particular it is prohibited to use any of the means described in subsections (3), (4) and (5).
(3) It is prohibited for a person to use any of the following indiscriminate means of capturing or killing any wild fauna—
   (a) blind or mutilated animals used as live decoys;
   (b) tape-recorders or other sound recording or emitting devices;
   (c) electrical or electronic devices capable of killing or stunning;
   (d) artificial light sources;
   (e) mirrors and other dazzling devices;
   (f) devices for illuminating targets;
   (g) sighting devices for night shooting comprising an image magnifier or electronic image converter;
   (h) explosives;
   (i) nets which are non-selective according to the principle of their use or as the conditions of their use;
   (j) crossbows;
   (k) poisons and poisoned or anaesthetic bait;
   (l) gassing or smoking out;
   (m) leg-hold traps;
   (n) semi-automatic or automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more than two rounds of ammunition.

(4) It is prohibited for any person to use any of the following indiscriminate means of capturing or killing fish—
   (a) poison;
   (b) explosives.

(5) It is prohibited for any person to use any method of capturing or killing any species of fauna of European interest which is listed in Part A of Schedule 3 or in Part A of Schedule 4 that involves the use of an aircraft or moving motorised land vehicle.

Disapplication of sections 11-15

16.—(1) Subject to subsection (2), the Chief Officer may permit by licence the disapplication of sections 11, 12, 13, 14 or 15 (or all such sections), but only for the following reasons—
   (a) to prevent serious damage to crops, livestock, forests, fish stocks, water resources or any movable or immovable property;
   (b) to protect wild fauna and flora and to conserve natural habitats;
   (c) in the interests of public health or public safety or for other imperative reasons of overriding public interest, including those of a social, economic or environmental nature;
   (d) for the purposes of education and research;
   (e) for the re-population and re-introduction of species of European interest, and for the breeding operations necessary for such purposes including the artificial propagation of floras;
   (f) to allow, under strictly supervised conditions, on a selective basis and to a limited extent, the taking or keeping of certain specimens of the species of European interest listed in Schedule 3.

(2) The Chief Officer may grant a licence in accordance with subsection (1) only if he is satisfied—
   (a) that there is no other effective, alternative solution; and
   (b) that the disapplication does not prejudice the maintenance of a favourable level of conservation of the specific species of European interest in its natural range.
(3) Where the Chief Officer does grant a licence in accordance with subsection (1) he must specify in it the following information -

(a) the species of European interest which is the object of the disapplication;
(b) the method which may be used;
(c) the conditions attaching to, and the period of, the disapplication;
(d) the person to whom the disapplication applies;
(e) any checks that may be carried out by an Inspector;
(f) the specific area in which the disapplication applies.

Chief Officer’s report

17. The Chief Officer will, every six years commencing with the coming into force of this Ordinance, publish a report in the Gazette stating -

(a) any conservation measures taken or to be taken and any management plan established in accordance with this Ordinance;
(b) the effectiveness of any conservation measure and of any management plan in the maintenance of a favourable conservation status of any natural habitat of European interest which is included in Schedule 1 and of any species of European interest which is included in Schedule 2; and
(c) the principal results of any monitoring carried out in accordance with section 12.

Signs for Special Areas of Conservation

18. A Special Area of Conservation will be marked as such by a sign in the format prescribed in a notification by the Chief Officer to be published in the Gazette.

Prohibition on introduction of non-local species of wild flora and fauna

19.—(1) It is prohibited for any person to introduce any non-local species of wild fauna or flora into the environment without being the holder of a permit granted for that purpose by the Chief Officer.

(2) The procedure for applying for a permit to authorise the introduction of any wild fauna or flora into the environment and the conditions subject to which it may be granted will be determined by regulations to be made by the Chief Officer and published in the Gazette.

Scientific research

20.—(1) Where any scientific research, measurement of the conservation status of any species of wild fauna to which this Ordinance applies or any measure concerning the management of such species is required for any purpose connected with this Ordinance, it will be carried out by such body as the Chief Officer may appoint.

(2) The Chief Officer may grant a licence to authorise the carrying out of scientific research by any person on such conditions as he considers necessary.

Taxidermy (a)

21.—(1) Subject to subsection (5), any person who stuffs or keeps any stuffed species of wild fauna without a licence permitting him to do so in respect of the description of wild fauna in question is guilty of an offence.

(a) Section 21 repealed and replaced by Ordinance 26/2008 – came into force on 18 December 2008
An application for a taxidermist’s licence is made to the Area Officer in such form as may be prescribed.

An Area Officer may, on payment of the prescribed fee, grant a taxidermist’s licence to an applicant for such licence on such conditions as he deems necessary.

An Area Officer may refuse to grant a taxidermist’s licence where he has reasonable grounds for believing that the possession of the species is the consequence of an offence committed in contravention of this Ordinance.

Any person who on the date that this Ordinance comes into force possesses any stuffed species of wild fauna must, within six months from that date, apply to the Area Officer for a licence to possess the stuffed species and pay the prescribed fee for such licence.

The holder of a taxidermist’s licence must display his licence at a conspicuous place in the laboratory or other place in which he carries out his taxidermy activities.

The holder of a taxidermist’s licence must keep a book in which he will enter for each species of wild fauna to which his licence relates true and accurate particulars, as set out in his licence. Three copies will be completed for each species of wild fauna and distributed as follows—

(a) the first copy is given to the customer as a licence to possess the species of wild fauna,

(b) the second copy is kept by the holder of the taxidermist’s licence, and

(c) the third copy is sent to the Area Officer.

The holder of a taxidermist’s licence will present each specimen of wild fauna that is presented to him for taxidermy to the Area Officer, together with the record book, in order to be given approval to stuff that particular specimen.

**Taxidermy**

21.—(1) A person must not stuff a specimen of wild fauna unless he holds a taxidermist’s licence in respect of the species in question.

(2) Subject to subsection (3), a person must not possess a stuffed specimen of wild fauna unless he holds either a taxidermist’s licence in respect of the species in question or a licence to possess that specimen under subsection (7)(a).

(3) A person may possess a stuffed specimen of wild fauna without a taxidermist’s licence or licence to possess on land or premises owned or occupied by the Crown or to which access is controlled by the Crown.

(4) The holder of a taxidermist’s licence must:

(a) display his licence in a prominent place in the place in which he carries out his taxidermy activities; and

(b) produce that licence forthwith for inspection if required to do so by the Area Officer or a Police Officer.

(5) The holder of a taxidermist’s licence must present each specimen of wild fauna that he intends to stuff to the Area Officer, together with the record book referred to in subsection (6), in order to be given approval to stuff that particular specimen.

(6) The holder of a taxidermist’s licence must keep a book (“record book”) in which he must enter true and accurate particulars of each specimen that he stuffs.

(7) When the holder of a taxidermist’s licence disposes of a stuffed specimen of wild fauna, he must make three copies of the particulars referred to in subsection (6) and distribute them as follows—

(a) the first copy is given to the purchaser as a licence to possess that specimen;

(b) the second copy is kept by the holder of the taxidermist’s licence; and

(c) the third is sent to the Area Officer.

(8) A person who contravenes subsection (4)(a) commits an offence and is liable to imprisonment for 2 years or to a fine of €3,417 or to both.
A person commits an offence and is liable to imprisonment for 6 months or to a fine of €1,708 or to both, if, when asked to produce a licence to possess issued under subsection (7)(a) or under the corresponding Republican Law, he:

(a) fails to do so, or
(b) refuses to give his name and address when asked to do so by the Area officer or a Police Officer, or
(c) gives a false name and address to the Area Officer or a Police Officer.

The powers conferred and the duties imposed on the Area Officer by subsections (4)(b), (5), 7(c) and (9) are general delegated functions under the Delegation of Functions to the Republic Ordinance (a).

Holder of taxidermy licence under corresponding Republican law (b)

22.—(1) Where a person does any act or thing for which there is a requirement for him to hold a licence under section 21, that requirement will be deemed to be fulfilled if he holds a licence issued to him under the corresponding Republican law and he does that thing in accordance with any conditions subject to which that licence was issued to him.

(2) A person who does, or appears to intend to do any act or thing for which he is required to hold a licence under section 21 will produce such licence forthwith for inspection if required to do so by the Area Officer or a police officer.

(3) Where a person who has been required to produce a licence as described in subsection (2) fails or refuses to do so, or refuses to give his name and address when asked to do so, or gives a false name and address he commits an offence and is liable to imprisonment of six months or to a fine of £1000 or to both.

PART 4
Importation of skins and products deriving from the skins of seal pups

Prohibited import of product listed in Schedule 5

23.—(1) Subject to subsection (2), it is prohibited for any person to import for the purpose of trade in the Areas any product listed in Schedule 5.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to products derived from traditional hunting by the Inuit people.

PART 5
Miscellaneous Provisions

Appointment of Chief Inspector and Inspectors

24.—(1) For the purpose of ensuring the proper observance of this Ordinance the Chief Officer may, by a notification published in the Gazette (c), appoint Inspectors or authorise any person to perform any of the duties imposed upon, and to exercise any of the powers given to, an Inspector under this Ordinance.

(2) The Chief Officer may, by notification published in the Gazette, appoint one of his Inspectors as Chief Inspector.

(a) Ordinance 17/2007 as amended
(b) Section 22 repealed by Ordinance 26/2008 – came into force on 18 December 2008
(c) Text deleted in subsections (1) and (2) by Ordinance 26/2008 – came into force on 18 December 2008
The Chief Inspector will regulate the manner in which any authorised Inspector performs the duties and exercises the powers conferred on an Inspector by section 25.

(4) The Chief Officer may appoint one of his Inspectors as Deputy Chief Inspector who will act in the case of absence from office or the incapacity of the Chief Inspector.

(5) An Inspector or other person authorised under this section will be provided with an appropriate means of identification.

(6) An Inspector does not bear any responsibility for any act or decision of his which has been bona fide made or taken within the framework of exercise by the same of any powers, duties or responsibilities provided for by this Ordinance.

Powers of Inspectors

25.—(1) An Inspector may, for the purpose of exercising the powers and performing the duties conferred on him by this Ordinance –

(a) subject to subsection (2), enter freely and without notice any immovable property and any natural habitat of any species of European interest or any species of local importance included in a list published in accordance with section 7(8);

(b) be accompanied by a police officer where the Inspector has reasonable cause to believe that he would face obstruction in the discharge of his duties unless he was so accompanied;

(c) carry out any investigations or monitoring and take any measurements, photographs or recordings as he considers necessary;

(d) seize any species of wild fauna and flora or any product listed in Schedule 5 or other item containing any product listed in Schedule 5 for the purposes of an investigation into whether an offence contrary to this Ordinance has been or is being committed;

(e) require any person to answer any question where the Inspector reasonably considers such person to possess information in relation to an investigation he is undertaking;

(f) monitor the conservation status of any species of wild fauna and flora and their natural habitats, having regard in particular to any priority natural habitats and priority species.

(2) An Inspector may only enter a dwelling house with either the consent of the owner or occupier of the premises or pursuant to a warrant of the Court issued for that purpose.

(3) The Chief Inspector will prepare a written report every six months on the exercise of any of the powers referred to in this section and on the results of any monitoring or investigation undertaken and will forward a copy of the report to the Chief Officer.

(4) A person who obstructs an Inspector in the performance of any of his duties or exercise of any of his powers under this Ordinance commits an offence and is liable to imprisonment of six months or to a fine of £1,000 or to both.

Offences

26.—(1) Any person who -

(a) contravenes or fails to comply with any measure specified in an order made in accordance with section 8(2), section 9, section 10(8) or section 14(1);

(b) contravenes or fails to comply with the conditions of any licence granted under section 16;

(c) contravenes or fails to comply with any measure prescribed by regulations made under section 12(2);

(d) contravenes or fails to comply with the provisions of sections 11, 13, 15, 19 or 23;

(e) carries out scientific research without being licensed to do so in accordance with section 20(2);
(f) stuffs or keeps any stuffed species of wild fauna without being the holder of a licence as required by section 21(1);  
(a) contravenes section 21(1), (2) or (6);  
(g) contravenes or fails to comply with any condition or restriction subject to which an approval is granted in accordance with section 10(8A),  
(h) carries out a plan, programme or project of the kind referred to in section 10(1) that has not been approved by the Chief Officer under section 10(4), (5) or (7), or  
(i) contravenes or fails to comply with any other obligation or prohibition contained in this Ordinance or any regulations or orders made under it,  
is guilty of an offence and is liable to imprisonment for three years, to a fine of €17,086, or to both.  
(2) Where a person is convicted on a second or subsequent occasion for a similar offence under this Ordinance then the penalty provided for in relation to that offence is doubled.  
(3) Where a person is convicted of any offence referred to in subsection (1) the Court may, in addition to any other penalty, order the forfeiture of any specimen or other item in respect of which the offence has been committed.

Legal proceedings (d)

26A.—(1) A court of the Areas may take judicial notice of a law of the Republic and of any other Republican document of any description granted or otherwise made under a law of the Republic.

(2) For the purposes of this section, the production of a copy of any part of a Republican enactment—

(a) contained in a printed collection of enactments purporting to be printed and published by an authority of the Republic, or  
(b) contained in an issue of the Official Gazette of the Republic, or  
(c) purporting to be printed by the Government Printer of the Republic, by whatever name called,

is evidence for all purposes, and may be held by a Court to be conclusive evidence, of the due and lawful making of that enactment.

(3) For the purposes of this section, a version of any part of a Republican enactment in the English language—

(a) purporting to be produced by an authority of the Republic,  
(b) certified as being accurate by an officer of the Administration considered by the Court to have been at the time of such certification a competent and adequate translator into the English language from the language in which the Republican enactment was published in the Republic,  
(c) given or produced in the course of oral evidence of a person whom the Court considers to be a competent translator for the purpose,  
(d) stated orally in court or produced in writing by a Registrar or official court interpreter,
may in any of those cases be held by the Court to be conclusive evidence for all purposes that such version is the accurate English version of the Republican enactment or part of the Republican enactment in question.

(4) For the purposes of this section, the production of—

(a) a relevant document, the accuracy of which is certified in writing by a senior officer of the Government Department of the Republic responsible for the relevant enactment under which the relevant document was made, or

(b) an English translation of a relevant document, the accuracy of which is certified in writing by a translator of recognised competence,

may be held by the Court to be conclusive evidence for all purposes of the contents of such document.

Liability of officers of a body corporate

27. Where an offence contrary to this Ordinance is committed by a body corporate and it is proved that it was committed with the consent, connivance or approval, or that its commission has been facilitated by the negligence of any director, secretary or any other individual having similar responsibilities in relation to the body corporate, such director, secretary or other individual is also guilty of a like offence.

Regulations

28.—(1) The Administrator may make regulations in respect of any matter for which this Ordinance provides will or may be prescribed and more generally for the better implementation of the provisions of this Ordinance.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1) such regulations may provide for all or any of the following matters—

(a) the establishment of a licensing system authorising the taking of specimens of any species of fauna and flora of European interest listed in Schedule 4;

(b) the regulation of the purchase, sale or offer for sale, possession or transportation for the purpose of sale of any specimen of any species of flora or fauna of European interest which is listed in Schedule 4;

(c) the establishment of a system of continuous monitoring of incidental capture or killing of any species of fauna of European interest which is listed in Part A of Schedule 3 and for providing for any additional research or conservation measures necessary for avoiding any negative effects on the said species.

Delegation

29. The Chief Officer may, by Order published in the Gazette, designate any function, which is placed by this Ordinance on an officer of the Areas, as a delegated function for the purposes of the Delegation of Functions to the Republic Ordinance 2007 (a).

Order to amend Schedule

30. The Administrator may by order to be published in the Gazette amend or substitute any Schedule to the Ordinance.

(a) Ordinance 17/2007
Amendment to the Streets and Buildings Regulation (Consolidation) Ordinance 1980

31.—(1) Section 9(1) of the Streets and Buildings Regulation (Consolidation) Ordinance 1980(a) is amended by inserting immediately after paragraph (e)—

“(f) with the object of encouraging the proper management of those features of a site which are of particular importance to wild fauna and flora. Any features referred to are those which by reason of—

(i) their linear and continuous structure, including rivers and their banks or the traditional systems for marking field boundaries, or

(ii) their function as stepping stones including marshes and small woods, are essential for the migration, dispersal and genetic exchange of wild species.”.

Application to the Crown

32.—(1) Subject to subsection (2), this Ordinance binds the Crown and any employee of the Crown.

(2) Section 26 does not bind the Crown but does bind an employee of the Crown.

(3) For the purposes of this section,

“employee of the Crown” means any person in the service of the Crown, whether or not they would be treated as employees of the Crown apart from this subsection;

“the Crown” means Her Majesty in right of Her Administration in the Areas and in right of Her Government in the United Kingdom.

Schedules 1, 2, 3 and 4 (b)

SCHEDULE 1(c) (Section 2)

NATURAL HABITAT TYPES OF EUROPEAN INTEREST FOR WHOSE PROTECTION SPECIAL AREAS OF CONSERVATION ARE PRESCRIBED

(a) The code of priority type corresponds to the code of the corresponding Republican Law

(b) The asterisk “*” indicates priority habitat types.

1. COASTAL AND HALOPTYC HABITATS

11. Open sea and tidal areas

1110 Sandbanks which are slightly covered by sea water all the time

1120 *Posidonia beds (Posidonion oceanicae)

1130 Estuaries

1140 Mudflats and sandflats not covered by seawater at low tide

1150 *Coastal Lagoons

1160 Large shallow inlets and bays

1170 Reefs

(a) Ordinance 7/1984

(b) Schedules repealed by Ordinance 10/2008 – came into force on 28 May 2008

(c) Schedules 1 to 4 inserted by Ordinance 10/2008 are of the corresponding Republican Law – came into force on 28 May 2008
1180 Submarine structures made by leaking gases

12. Sea cliffs and shingle or stony beaches

1210 Annual vegetation of drift lines
1220 Perennial vegetation of stony banks
1230 Vegetated sea cliffs of the Atlantic and Baltic coasts
1240 Vegetated sea cliffs of the Mediterranean coasts with endemic Limonium spp.
1250 Vegetated sea cliffs of the Macaronesian coasts

13. Atlantic and continental salt marshes and salt meadows

1310 Salicornia and other annuals colonizing mud and sand
1320 Spartina swards (Spartinion maritimae)
1330 Atlantic salt meadows (Glaucoc-Puccinellietalia maritimae)
1340 *Inland salt meadows

14. Mediterranean and thermo-Atlantic salt marshes and salt meadows

1410 Mediterranean salt meadows (Juncetalia maritimii)
1420 Mediterranean and thermo-Atlantic halophilous scrubs (Sarcocornetalia fruticosi)
1430 Halo-nitrophilous scrubs (Pegano-Salsoletea)

15. Salt and gypsum inland steppes

1510 *Mediterranean salt steppes (Limonietalia)
1520 *Iberia gypsum steppes (Gypsophiletalia)
1530 *Pannonic salt steppes and salt marshes

16. Boreal Baltic archipelago, coastal and land upheaval areas

1610 Baltic esker islands with sandy, rocky or shingle beach vegetation and sublittoral vegetation
1620 Boreal Baltic islets and small islands
1630 *Boreal Baltic coastal meadows
1640 Boreal Baltic sandy beaches with perennial vegetation
1650 Boreal Baltic narrow inlets.

2. COASTAL SAND DUNES AND INLAND DUNES

21. Sea Dunes of the Atlantic, North Sea and Baltic coasts

2110 Embryonic shifting dunes
2120 Shifting dunes along the shoreline with Ammophila arenaria (white dunes)
2130 *Fixed coastal dunes with herbaceous vegetation (grey dunes):
2140 *Decalcified fixed dunes with Empetrum nigrum
2150 *Atlantic decalcified fixed dunes (Calluno-Ulicetea)
2160 Dunes with Hyppophaë rhamnoides
2170 Dunes with Salix repens ssp. argentea (Salicion arenariae)
2180 Dunes with dense vegetation of the atlantic, continental and north region
2190 Humid dune slacks
21A0 Machairs (* in Ireland)

**22. Sea dunes of the Mediterranean coast**
2210 Crucianellion maritimae fixed beach dunes
2220 Dunes with Euphorbia terracina
2230 Malcolmietalia dune grasslands
2240 Brachypodietalia dune grasslands with annuals
2250 *Coastal dunes with Juniperus spp
2260 Dune sclerophyllous scrubs (Cisto-Lavenduletalia)
2270 *Wooded dunes with Pinus pinea and/or Pinus pinaster

**23. Inland dunes, old and decalcified**
2310 Dry sand heaths with Calluna and Genista
2320 Dry sand heaths with Calluna and Empetrum nigrum
2330 Inland dunes with open Corynephorus and Agrostis grasslands
2340 *Pannonic inland dunes

**3. FRESHWATER HABITATS**

**31. Standing water**
3110 Oligotrophic waters containing very few minerals of sandy plains:
   (Littorelletalia uniflorae)
3120 Oligotrophic waters containing very few minerals generally on sandy soils of the West Mediterranean with Isoetes spp.
3130 Oligotrophic to mesotrophic standing waters with vegetation of the Littorelletea uniflorae and/or of the Isoëto-Nanojuncetea
3140 Hard oligo-mesotrophic waters with benthic vegetation of chara spp.
3150 Natural eutrophic lakes with Magnopotamion or Hydrocharition-type vegetation
3160 Natural dystrophic lakes and ponds
3170 *Mediterranean temporary ponds
3180 *Turloughs
3190 Lakes of gypsum karst
31A0 Transylvanian hot springs lotus beds

**32. Running water-Sections of water courses with natural or semi-natural dynamics (minor, average and major beds) where the water quality shows no significant deterioration**
3210 Fennoscandian natural rivers
3220 Alpine rivers and the herbaceous vegetation along their banks
3230 Alpine rivers and their ligneous vegetation with Myricaria germanica along their banks
3240 Alpine rivers and their ligneous vegetation with Salix elaeagnos along their banks
3250 Constantly flowing Mediterranean rivers with Glaucium flavum
3260 Water courses of plain to mountain levels with the Ranunculion fluitantis and Callitricho-
 Batrachiore vegetation
3270 Rivers with muddy banks with Chenopodietum rubri p.p. and Bidention p.p vegetation
3280 Constantly flowing Mediterranean rivers with Paspalo-Agrostidion species and hanging
curtains of Salix and Populus alba on their banks
3290 Intermittently flowing Mediterranean rivers of the Paspalo-Agrostidion

4. TEMPERATE HEATH AND SCRUB

4010 Northern Atlantic wet heaths with Erica tetralix
4020 *Temperate Atlantic wet heaths with Erica ciliaris and Erica tetralix
4030 European dry heaths
4040 *Dry Atlantic coastal heaths with Erica vegans
4050 *Endemic macaronesian heaths
4060 Alpine and Boreal heaths
4070 *Bushes with Pinus mugo and Rhododendron hirsutum (Mugo-Rhododenretum hirsuti)
4080 Sub-Arctic Salix spp. scrub
4090 Endemic oro-Mediterranean heaths with gorse
40A0 Sub-continental peri-Pannonic scrub

5. SCLEROXYLLOUS SCRUB (MATORRALS)

51. Sub-Mediterranean and temperate scrub
5110 Stable xerothermophilous formations with Buxus sempervirens on rock slopes (Berberidion
 pp.)
5120 Mountain Cytisus purgans formations
5130 Juniperus communis formations on heaths or calcareous grasslands
5140 *Cistus palhinhae formations on maritime wet heaths

52. Mediterranean arborescent Matorral
5210 Arborescent Matorral with Juniperus spp.
5220 *Arborescent Matorral with Ziziphus
5230 *Arborescent Matorral with Laurus nobilis
53. Thermo-Mediterranean and pre-steppe brush
5310 Laurus nobilis thickets
5320 Low formations of euphorbia close to cliffs
5330 Thermo-Mediterranean and pre-desert scrub

54. Phrygana
5410 West Mediterranean cliff-top phryganas (Astragalo-Plataginetum subulatae)
5420 Sarcopoterium spinosum phrygana
5430 Endemic phrygana from Euphorbio- Verbascion

6. NATURAL AND SEMI-NATURAL GRASSLAND FORMATIONS

61. Natural grasslands
6110 Rupicolous calcareous or basophilic grasslands of the Alysso-Sedion albi
6120 *Xeric sand calcareous grasslands
6130 Calaminarian grasslands of the Violetalia calaminariae
6140 Siliceous Pyrenean Festuca esokia grasslands
6150 Siliceous alpine and boreal grasslands
6160 Siliceous Oro-Iberian Festuca indigesta grasslands
6170 Alpine and sub-Alpine calcareous grasslands
6180 Macaronesian mesophile grasslands
6190 Rupicolous Pannonic grasslands (Stipo-Festucetalia pallentis)

62. Semi-natural dry grasslands and scrubland facies
6210 Semi-natural dry grasslands and scrubland facies on calcareous substrates
(Festuco Brometalia)(* important orchid sites)
6220 *Pseudo-steppe with grasses and annuals of the Thero-B rachypodietea
6230 *Species rich Narbus grasslands, on siliceous substrates in mountain areas
(and submountain areas in continental Europe)
6240 *Sub-pannonic steppic grasslands
6250 *Pannonic loess steppic grasslands
6260 *Pannonic sandy steppes
6270 *Finnoscandinavian lawland species-rich dry to mesic grasslands
6280 *Nordic Alvar and pre-Cambrian calcareous flatrocks
62A0 Eastern Sub-Mediterranean dry grasslands (Scorzoneralta villosae)
62B0 *Serpentinophilous grasslands of Cyprus
63. Sclerophyllous grazed forests (dehesas)
6310 Sclerophyllous forests used for graze (dehesas) with Quercus spp. Sempervirens

64. Semi-natural tall-herb humid meadows
6410 Molinia meadows on calcareous, peaty or clayey-silt-laden soils (Molinion caeruleae)
6420 Mediterranean tall humid grasslands of the Molinio-Holoschoenion
6430 Hydrophilous tall herb fringe communities of plains and of the montane to alpine levels
6440 Alluvial meadows of river valleys of the Cnidion dubii
6450 Alluvial North-Scandinavian meadows
6460 Peat graslands of Troodos

65. Mesophile grasslands
6510 Lowland hay meadows (Alopecurus pratensis, Sanguisorba officinalis)
6520 Mountain hay meadows
6530 *Fennoscandian meadows with dense vegetation

7. RAISED BOGS AND MIRES AND FENS

71. Sphagnum acid bogs
7110 *Active raised bogs
7120 Degraded raised bogs (still capable of natural regeneration)
7130 Blanket bog (if active bog)
7140 Transition mires and quaking bogs
7150 Depressions on peat substrates of the Rhynchosporion
7160 Finno-Scandinian mineral-rich springs and springfens

72. Calcareous fens
7210 *Calcareous fens with Cladium mariscus and species of Caricion davallianae
7220 *Petrifying springs with tufa formation (Cratoneurion)
7230 Alkaline fens
7240 *Alpine pioneer formations of Caricion bicoloris-atrofuscae

73. Boreal Mires
7310 *Aapa mires
7320 *Palsa mires
8. ROCKY HABITATS AND CAVES

81. Screes
8110 Siliceous screes of the montane to snow levels (Androsacetalia alpinae and Galeopsietalia ladani)
8120 Calcareous and calcshist screes of the montane and alpine levels (Thlaspietea rotundifolii)
8130 West Mediterranean and thermophilous screes
8140 East Mediterranean screes
8150 Medio-European upland siliceous screes
8160 *Medio European calcareous screes of hill and montane levels

82. Rocky slopes with chasmophytic vegetation
8210 Calcareous rocky slopes with chasmophytic vegetation
8220 Siliceous rocky slopes with chasmophytic vegetation
8230 Siliceous rocks with pioneer vegetation of the Sedo-Scleranthion or of the Sedo albi-Veronicion dillenii
8240 *Limestone pavements

83. Other rocky habitats
8310 Caves not open to the public
8320 Fields of lava and natural excavations
8330 Submerged or partially submerged sea caves
8340 Permanent glaciers

9. FORESTS

(Sub)natural woodland vegetation comprising indigenous species forming forests of tall trees, with typical undergrowth, and meeting the following criteria: rare or residual, and/or hosting species of interest

90. Forests of Northern Europe
9010 *Western Taiga
9020 * Fennoscandian hemiboreal natural old broad-leaved deciduous forests (Quercus, Tilia, Acer, Fraxinus or Ulmus) rich in epiphytes
9030 *Natural forests of primary succession phases of landupheaval coast
9040 Nordic subalpine/subarctic forests with Betula pubescens ssp. Czerepanovii
9050 Fennoscandian herb-rich forests with Picea abies
9060 Coniferous forests on, or connected to, glaciofluvial eskers
9070 Fennoscandian wooded pastures
9080 Fennoscandian deciduous swamp woods

91. Forests of temperate Europe

9110 Luzulo-Fagetum beech forests
9120 Atlantic acidophilous beech forests with ilex and sometimes also Taxus in the shrublayer (Quercion obori-petraeae or Ilici-Fagenion)
9130 Asperulo-Fagetum beech forests
9140 Mid-European subalpine beech woods with Acer and Rumex arifolius
9150 Mid-European calcareous beech forest (Cephalantheo-Fagion)
9160 Subatlantic and mid-european oak or oak-hornbeam forests with Carpinion betuli
9170 Galio-Carpinetum oak-hornbeam forests
9180 *Tilio-Acerion forests of slope, scree and ravines
9190 Old acidophilous oak woods with Quercus robur on sandy plains
91A0 Old sessile oak woods with ilex and Blechnum in the British Isles
91B0 Thermophilous Fraxinus angustifolia woods
91C0 *Caledonian forest
91D0 *Bog woodland
91E0 * Alluvial forests with with Alnus glutinosa and Fraxinus excelsior (Alno-Padion, Alnion incanae, Salicion albae)
91F0 Riparian mixed forests of Quercus robur, Ulmus laevis, Ulmus minor, Fraxinus excelsior or Fraxinus angustifolia, along the great rivers (Ulmenion minoris)
91G0 *Pannonic forests with Quercus petraea and Carpinus betulus
91H0 *Pannonic forests with Quercus pubescens
91I0 *Euro-Siberian steppic forests with Quercus spp.
91J0 *Taxus baccata forests of the British Isles
91K0 Illyrian Fagus sylvatica forests (Armonio-Fagion)
91L0 Illyrian oak-hornbeam forests (Erythronio-carpinion)
91M0 Pannonian-Balkanic Turkey oak forests - common sessile oak forests
91N0 *Pannonic inland sand dune thickets (Juniperopopuletum albae)
91P0 Holy Cross fir forest (Abietetum polonicum)
91Q0 Western Carpathian calcicorous Pinus sylvestris forests
91R0 Dinaric dolomite Scots pine forests (Genisto januensis-Pinetum)
91T0 Central European lichen Scots pine forests
91U0 Sarmatic steppe pine forests
91V0 Dacian beech forests (Symphyto-Fagion)
92. Mediterranean deciduous forests
9210 *Apennine beech forests with Taxus and ilex
9220 *Apennine beech forests with Abies alba and beech forests with Abiens nebrodensis
9230 Galicio-Portuguese oak woods with Quercus robur and Quercus pyrenaica
9240 Quercus faginea and Quercus canariensis Iberian oak woods
9250 Quercus trojana oak woods
9260 Castanea sativa woods
9270 Hellenic beech forests with Abies borisii-regis
9280 Quercus frainetto woods
9290 Cupressus woods (Acero-Cupression)
92A0 Salix alba and Populus alba galleries
92B0 Riparian formations on intermittent Mediterranean water courses with Rhododendron ponticum, Salix and others
92C0 Platanus orientalis and Liquidambar orientalis woods (Platanion orientalis)
92D0 Southern riparian galleries and thickets (Nerio-Tamaricetea) and (Securinegion tinctoriae)

93. Mediterranean sclerophyllous forests
9310 Quercus brachyphylla oak woods of the Aegean
9320 Olea and Ceratonia woods
9330 Quercus suber woods
9340 Quercus ilex and Quercus rotundifolia woods
9350 Quercus macrolepis woods
9360 *Macaronesian laurel forests (Laurus, Ocotea)
9370 *Palm groves of Phoenix
9380 Forests of ilex aquifolium
9390 *Scrub and forest thickets with Quercus alnifolia
93A0 Forest thickets with Quercus infectoria (Anagyro foetidae-Quercetum infectoriae)

94. Temperate mountainous coniferous forests
9410 Acidophilous Picea forests of hte montane to alpine levels (Vaccinio-Picetea)
9420 Alpine Larix decidua and/or Pinus cembra forests
9430 Montane and subalpine Pinus uncinata forests (* if on gypsum or limestone)
95. Mediterranean and Macaronesian temperate coniferous forests
9510 Southern Appenine Abies alba forests
9520 Abies pinsapo forests
SCHEDULE 2

FAUNA AND FLORA SPECIES OF EUROPEAN INTEREST FOR
WHOSE PROTECTION SPECIAL AREAS OF CONSERVATION ARE
PRESCRIBED

(a) The species listed in this Schedule are indicated:
   — by the name of the species or subspecies, or
   — by the body of species belonging to a higher taxon or to a designated part of the
     said taxon.
(b) The abbreviation ‘spp.’ after the name of a family or genus designates all the species
    belonging to that family or genus.
(c) An asterisk before the name of a species indicates that the said species is a priority
    species.
(d) Where a species appearing in this Schedule does not appear in either Schedule 3 or
    Schedule 4, the species name is followed by the symbol (o). Where a species appearing in
    this Schedule also appears in Schedule 4 but does not appear in Schedule 3, its name is
    followed by the symbol (V).

PART A – FAUNA

VERTEBRATES

MAMMALS

INSECTIVORA
   Talpidae
      Galemys pyrenaicus

CHIROPTERA
   Rhinolophiidae
      Rhinolophus blasii
      Rhinolophus euryale
Rhinolophus ferrumequinum
Rhinolophus hipposideros
Rhinolophus mehelyi

Vespertilionidae
Barbastella barbastellus
Miniopterus schreibersi
Myotis bechsteini
Myotis blythi
Myotis capaccinii
Myotis dasycneme
Myotis emarginatus
Myotis myotis

Pteropodidae
Rousettus aegyptiacus

RODENTIA

Sciuridae
*Marmota marmota latirostris
*Pteromys volans (Sciuropterus russicus)
Spermophilus citellus (Citellus citellus)
*Spermophilus suslicus (Citellus suslicus)

Castoridae
Castor fiber (except Esthonian, Latvian, Lithouanian, Finnish and Swedish populations)

Microtidae
Microtus cabrerae
*Microtus oeconomicus arenicola
*Microtus oeconomicus mehelyi
Microtus tatricus

Zapodidae
Sicista subtilis

CARNIVORA

Canidae
*Alopex lagopus
*Canis lupus (except Esthonian population; Spanish populations: only those south of the
Duero; Greek populations: only those south of the 39th parallel; Latvian, Lithuanian and Finnish populations are excluded).

**Ursidae**

* Ursus arctos (except Estonian, Finnish and Swedish populations)

**Mustelidae**

* Gulo gulo (o)
  Lutra lutra
  Mustela eversmanii
  *Mustela lutreola

**Felidae**

Lynx lynx (except Estonian, Latvian and Finnish populations)

* Lynx pardinus

**Phocidae**

Halichoerus grypus (V)

*Monachus monachus
  Phoca hispida bottntica (o)
  *Phoca hispida saimensis
  Phoca vitulina (V)

**ARTIODACTYLA**

**Cervidae**

* Cervus elaphus corsicanus
  Rangifer tarandus fennicus (o)

**Bovidae**

* Bison bonasus
  Capra aegagrus (natural populations)
  *Capra pyrenaica pyrenaica
  Ovis gmelini musimon (Ovis ammon musimon) (natural populations of Corsica and Sardinia)
  *Rupicapra pyrenaica ornate (Rupicapra rupicapra ornata)
  Rupicapra rupicapra balcanica
  *Rupicapra rupicapra tatrica

**CETACEA**

Phocoena phocoena

Tursiops truncates
REPTILES
CHELONIA (TESTUDINES)
  Testudinidae
    Testudo graeca
    Testudo hermanni
    Testudo marginata
  Cheloniidae
    *Caretta caretta
    *Chelonia mydas
  Emydidae
    Emys orbicularis
    Mauremys caspica
    Mauremys lesprosa
SAURIA
  Lacertidae
    Gallotia galloti insulanagae
    *Gallotia simonyi
    Lacerta bonnali (Lacerta monticola)
    Lacerta monticola
    Lacerta schreiberi
    Podarcis lilfordi
    Podarcis pityusensis
  Scincidae
    Chalcides simonyi (Chalcides occidentalis)
  Gekkonidae
    Phyllodactylus europaeus
OPHIDIA (SERPENTES)
  Colubridae
    *Elaphe quatuorlineata
    *Coluber cypriensis
    Elaphe situla
    *Natrix natrix cypriaca
  Viperidae
    *Macrovipera schweizeri (Vipera lebetina schweizen)
    Vipera ursinii (except Vipera ursinii rakosiensis)
*Vipera ursinii rakosiensis

**AMPHIBIANS**

**CAUDATA**

Salamandridae

Chioglossa lusitanica
Mertensiella luschani (Salamandra luschani)
*Salamandra aurorae (Salamandra atra aurorae)
Salamandrina terdigitata
Triturus carnifex (Triturus cristatus carnifex)
Triturus cristatus (Triturus cristatus cristatus)
Triturus dobrogicus (Triturus cristatus dobrogicus((o))
Triturus karelinii (Triturus cristatus karelinii)
Triturus montandoni

Proteidae

Proteus anguinus

Plethodontidae

Hydromantes (Speleomantes) ambrosii
Hydromantes (Speleomantes) flavus
Hydromantes (Speleomantes) genei
Hydromantes (Speleomantes) imperialis
Hydromantes (Speleomantes) strinatii
Hydromantes (Speleomantes) supramontes

**ANURA**

Discoglossidae

*Alytes muletensis
Bombina bombina
Bombina variegata
Discoglossus galganoi (including Discoglossus “jeanneae”)
Discoglossus montalentii
Discoglossus sardus

Ranidae

Rana latastei

Pelobatidae

*Pelobates fuscus insubricus

**FISH**
PETROMYZONIFORMES

Petromyzonidae

Eudontomyzon spp. (o)
Lampetra fluviatilis (V) (except Finnish and Swedish populations)
Lampetra planeri (o) (except Esthonian, Finnish and Swedish populations)
Lethenteron zanandreai (V)
Petromyzon marinus (o) (except Swedish populations)

ACIPENSERIFORMES

Acipenseridae

*Acipenser naccarii
*Acipenser sturio

CLUPEIFORMES

Clupeidae

Alosa spp. (V)

SALMONIFORMES

Salmonidae

Hucho hucho (natural populations) (V)
Salmo macrostigma (o)
Salmo marmoratus (o)
Salmo salar (only in fresh water) (V) (except Finnish populations)

Coregonidae

*Coregonus oxyrhynchus (anadromous populations in certain sectors of the North Sea)

Umbridae

Umbra krameri (o)

CYPRINIFORMES

Cyprinidae

Alburnus albidus (o) (Alburnus vulturius)
Anaecypris hispanica
Aspius aspius (o) (except the Finnish populations)
Barbus comiza (V)
Barbus meridionalis (V)
Chalcalburnus chalcoides (o)
Chondrostoma genei (o)
Chondrostoma lusitanicum (o)
Chondrostoma polylepis (o) (including C. willkommi
Chondrostoma soetta (o)
Chondrostoma toxostoma (o)
Gobio albipinnatus (o)
Gobio uranoscopus (o)
Iberocypris palaciosi (o)
*Ladigesocypris ghigii (o)
Leuciscus lucemonis (o)
Leuciscus souffia (o)
Pelecus cultratus (V)
Phoxinellus spp. (o)
*Phoxinus percnurus
Rhodeus sericeus amarus (o)
Rutilus pigus (o)
Rutilus rubilio (o)
Rutilus arcasii (o)
Rutilus macrolepidotus (o)
Rutilus lemmingii (o)
Rutilus frisii meidingeri (o)
Rutilus albunoides (o)
Scardinius graecus (o)

Cobitidae
Cobitis elongate (o)
Cobitis taenia (o) (except Finnish populations)
Cobitis trichonica (o)
Misgurnus fossilis (o)
Sabanejewia aurata (o)
Sabanejewia larvata (o) (Cobitis larvata and Cobitis conspersa)

SILURIFORMES
Siluridae
Silurus aristotelis (V)

ATHERINIFORMES
Cyprinodontidae
Aphanius iberus (o)
Aphanius fasciatus (o)
*Valencia hispanica
*Valencia letourneuxi (Valencia hispanica)

PERCIFORMES
Percidae
  Gymnocephalus baloni
  Gymnocephalus schraetzer (V)
  Zingel spp. [o except Zingel asper and Zingel zingel (V)]
Gobidae
  Knipowitschia (Padogobius) panizzae (o)
  Padogobius nigricans (o)
  Pomatoschistus canestrini (o)

SCORPAENIFORMES
Cottidae
  Cottus gobio (o) (except Finnish populations)
  Cottus petiti (o)

INVERTEBRATES

ARTHROPODS
CRUSTACEA
  Decapoda
    Austropotamobius pallipes (V)
    *Austropotamobius torrentium (V)
  Isopoda
    *Armadillidium ghardalamensis

INSECTA
  Coleoptera
    Agathidium pulchellum (o)
      Bolbelasmus unicornis
      Boros schneideri
      Buprestis splendens
      Carabus hampei
      Carabus hungaricus
      *Carabus menetriesi pacholei (o)
      *Carabus olympiae
      Carabus variolosus
Carabus zawadzkii
Cerambyx cerdo
Corticaria planula (o)
Cucujus cinnaberinus
Dorcadion fulvum cervae
Duvalius gebhardti
Duvalius hungaricus
Dytiscus latissimus
Graphoderus bilineatus
Leptodirus hochenwarti
Limoniscus violaceus (o)
Lucanus cervus (o)
Macroplea myops (o)
Morimus funereus (o)
*Osmoderma eremita
Oxyporus mannerheimii (o)
Pilemia tigrina
*Phryganophilus ruficollis
Probaticus subrugosus
Propomacrus cypriacus
*Pseudogaurotina excellens
Pseudoseriscius cameroni
Pytho kolwensis
Rhysodes sulcatus (o)
*Rosalia alpina
Stephanopachys substriatus (o)
Xyletinus tremulicola (o)

Hemiptera
Aradus angularis (o)

Lepidoptera
Agriades glandon aquilo (o)
Arytrura musculus
*Callimorpha (Euplagia, Panaxia) quadripunctaria (o)
Catopta thrips
Chondrosoma fiduciarium
Clossiana improba (o)
Coenonympha oedippus
Colias myrmidone
Cucullia mixta
Dioszeghyana schmidtii
Erannis ankeraria
Erebia calcaria
Erebia christi
Erebia medusa polaris (o)
Eriogaster catax
Euphidryas (Eurodryas, Hypodryas) aurinia (o)
Glyphipterix loricatella
Gortyna boreli lunata
Graellsia isabellae (V)
Hesperia comma catena (o)
Hypodryas maturna
Leptidea morsei
Lignyoptera fumidaria
Lycaena dispar
Lycaena helle
Maculinea nausithous
Maculinea teleius
Melanargia arge
*Nymphalis vaualbum
Papilio hospiton
Phyllometra culminaria
Plebicula golgus
Polymixis rufocincta isolate
Polyommatus eroides
Xestia borealis (o)
Xestia brunneopicta (o)
*Xylomoia strix

Mantodea
Apteromantis aptera

Odonata
Coenagrion hylas (o)
Coenagrion mercuriale (o)
Coenagrion ornatum (o)
Cordulegaster heros
Cordulegaster trinacriae
Gomphus gracelinii
Leucorrhinia pectoralis
Lindenia tetraphylla
Macromia splendens
Ophiogomphus cecilia
Oxygastra curtisii
Orthoptera
Baetica ustulata
Brachytrupes megacephalus
Isophya costata
Isophya stysi
Myrmecophilus baronii
Odontopodisma rubripes
Paracaloptenus caloptenoides
Pholidoptera transsylvanica
Stenobothrus (Stenobothrodes) eurasius
ARRACHNIDA
Pseudoscorpionens
Anthrenochernes stellae (o)

MOLLUSCS
GASTROPODA
Anisus vorticulus
Caseolus calculus
Caseolus commixa
Caseolus sphaerula
Chilostoma banaticum
Discula leacockiana
Discula tabellata
Discus guerinianus
Elona quimperiana
Geomalacus maculosus
Geomitra moniziana
Gibbula nivosa
*Helicopsis striata austriaca (o)
Hygromia kovacsi
Idiomela (Helix) subplicata
Lampedusa imitatrix
*Lampedusa melitensis
Leiostyla abbreviata
Leiostyla cassida
Leiostyla corneocostata
Leiostyla gibba
Leiostyla lamellose
*Paladihia hungarica
Sadleriana pannonica
Theodoxus transversalis
Vertigo angustior (o)
Vertigo genesii (o)
Vertigo geyeri (o)
Vertigo moulinsiana (o)

BIVALVIA
Unionoida
  Margaritifera durrovensis (Margaritifera margaritifera (V))
  Margaritifera margaritifera (V)
  Unio crassus
Dreissenidae
  Congeria kusceri

PART B – FLORA

PTERIDOPHYTA
Aspleniacceae
  Asplenium jahandiezii (Litard.) Rouy
  Asplenium adulterinurn Milde
Blechnaceae
  Woodwardia radicans (L.) Sm.

Dicksoiaceae
  Culcita macrocarpa C. Presl

Dryopteridaceae
  Diplazium sibiricum (Turcz. Ex Kunze) Kurata
  *Dryopteris corleyi Fraser-Jenk
  Dryopteris fragans (L.) Schott

Hymenophyllaceae
  Trichomanes speciosum Willd.

Isoetaceae
  Isoetes boryana Durieu
  Isoetes malinverniana Ces. & De Not.

Marsileaceae
  Marsilea batardae Launert
  Marsilea quadrifolia L.
  Marsilea strigosa Willd.

Ophioglossaceae
  Botrychium simplex Hitchc.
  Ophioglossum polyphyllum A. Braun

GYMNOSPERMAE

Pinaceae
  *Abies nebrodensis (Lojac.) Mattei

ANGIOSPERMAE

Alismataceae
  *Alisma wahlenbergii (Holmberg) Juz.
  Caldesia parnassifolia (L.) Parl.
  Luronium natans (L.) Raf.

Amaryllidaceae
  Leucojum nicaeense Ard.
  Narcissus asturiensis (Jordan) Pugsley
  Narcissus calcicola Mendonça
  Narcissus cyclamineus DC.
  Narcissus fernandesii G. Pedro
  Narcissus humilis (Cav.) Traub
*Narcissus nevadensis Pugsley
Narcissus pseudonarcissus L. subsp. nobilis (Haw.) A. Fernandes
Narcissus scaberulus Henriq.
Narcissus triandrus L. subsp. Capax (Salisb.) D. A. Webb
Narcissus viridiflorus Schousboe

Asclepiadaceae
Vincetoxicum pannonicum (Borhidi) Holub

Boraginaceae
*Anchusa crispa Viv.
Echium russicum J. F.Gemlin
*Lithodora nitida (H. Em) R. Fernandes
Myosotis lusitanica Schuster
Myosotis rehsteineri Wartm.
Myosotis retusifolia R. Afonso
Omphalodes kuzinskyanae Willk.
*Omphalodes littoralis Lehm.
*Onosma tornensis Javorka
Solenanthes albanicus (Degen & al.) Degen & Baldacci
*Symphytum cycladense Pawl.

Campanulaceae
Adenophora litifolia (L.) Ledeb.
Asyneuma giganteum (Boiss.) Bornm.
*Campanula bohemica Hruby
*Campanula gelida Kovandra
*Campanula sabatia De Not.
Campanula serrata (Kit.) Hendrych
Campanula zoysii Wulfen
Jasione crispa (Pourret) Samp. subsp. serpentinica Pinto da Silva
Jasione lusitanica A. DC.

Caryophyllaceae
Arenaria ciliata L. subsp. Pseudofrigida Ostenf. & O.C. Dahl
Arenaria humifusa Wahlenberg
*Arenaria nevadensis Boiss. & Reuter
Arenaria provincialis Chater & Halliday
*Cerastium alsinifolium Tausch
Cerastium dinaricum G. Beck & Szysz.
* Dianthus arenarius subsp. Bohemicus (Novak) O. Scharz
Dianthus cintranus Boiss. & Reuter subsp. cintranus Boiss. & Reuter
* Dianthus diutinus Kit.
* Dianthus lumnitzeri Wiesb.
Dianthus marizii (Samp.) Samp.
* Dianthus moravicus Kovanda
* Dianthus nitidus Waldst. et Kit.
Dianthus plumarius subsp. regis-stephani (Rapcs.) Baksay
Dianthus rupicola Biv.
* Gypsophila papillosa P. Porta
Herniaria algarvica Chaudhri
* Herniaria latifolia Lapeyr. subsp. litardierei Gamis
Herniaria lusitanica (Chaudhri) subsp. berlengiana Chaudhri
Herniaria maritima Link
* Minuartia smejkalii Dvorakova
Moehringia lateriflora (L.) Fenzl
Moehringia tommasinii Marches.
Moehringia villosa (Wulfen) Fenzl
Petrocoptis grandiflora Rothm.
Petrocoptis montsicciana 0. Bolos & Rivas Mart.
Petrocoptis pseudoviscosa Fernandez Casas
Silene furcata Rafin. subsp. Angustiflora (Rupr.) Walters
Silene cintrana Rothm.
* Silene hicesiae Brullo & Signorello
Silene hifacensis Rouy ex Willk.
* Silene holzmanii Heldr. ex Boiss.
Silene longicilia (Brot.) Otth.
Silene mariana Pau
* Silene orphanidis Boiss.
* Silene rothmaleri Pinto da Silva
* Silene velutina Pourret ex Loisel.

Chenopodiaceae
* Bassia (Kochia) saxicola (Guss.) A. J. Scott
* Cremnophyton lanfrancoi Brullo et Pavone
*Salicornia veneta Pignatti & Lausi

Cistaceae

Cistus palhinhae Ingram -
Halimium verticillatum (Brot.) Sennen
Helianthemum alpoides Losa & Rivas Goday
Helianthemum caput-felis Boiss.
*Tuberaria major (Willk.) Pinto da Silva & Rozeira

Compositae

*Anthemis glaberrima (Rech. f.) Greuter
Artemisia campestris L. subsp. bottnica A.N. Lundstrom ex Kindb.
*Artemisia granatensis Boiss.
*Artemisia laciniata Willd.
Artemisia oelandica (Besser) Kornaror
*Artemisia pancecii (Janka) Ronn.
*Aster pyrenaeus Desf. ex DC.
*Aster sorrentinii (Tod) Lojac.
Carlina onopordifolia Besser
*Carduus myriacanthus Salzm. ex DC.
*Centaurea alba L. subsp. heldreichii (Halacsy) Dostal
*Centaurea alba L. subsp. princeps (Boiss. & Heldr.) Gugler
*Centaurea attica Nyman subsp. megarensis (Halacsy & Hayek) Dostal
*Centaurea balearica J. D. Rodriguez
*Centaurea borjae Valdes-Berm. & Rivas Goday
*Centaurea citricolor Font Quer
Centauraea corymbosa Pourret
Centauraea gadoensis G. Blanca
*Centauraea horrida Badaro
*Centauraea kalmbsakensis Freyn & Sint.
Centauraea kartschiana Scop.
*Centauraea lactiflora Halacsy
Centauraea micrantha Hoffmanns. & Link subsp. hermini (Rouy) Dostal
*Centauraea niederi Heldr.
*Centauraea peucedanifolia Boiss. & Orph.
*Centauraea pinnata Pau
Centauraea pulvinata (G. Blanca) G. Bianca
Centaurea rothmalerana (Arènes) Dostál
Centaurea vicentina Mariz
Cirsium brachycephalum Juratzka
*Crepis crocifolia Boiss. & Heldr.
Crepis granatensis (Willk.) B. Blanca & M. Cueto
Crepis pusilla (Sommier) Merxmuller
Crepis tectorum L. subsp. nigrescens
Erigeron frigidus Boiss. ex DC.
*Helichrysum melitense (Pignatti) Brullo et al
Hymenostemma pseudanthemis (Kunze) Willd.
Hyoseris frutescens Brullo et Pavone
*Jurinea cyanoides (L.) Reichenb.
*Jurinea fontqueri Cuatrec.
*Lamyropsis microcephala (Moris) Dittrich & Greuter
Leontodon microcephalus (Boiss. ex DC.) Boiss.
Leontodon boryi Boiss.
*Leontodon siculus (Cuss.) Finch & Sell
Leuzea longifolia Hoffmanns. & Link
Ligularia sibirica (L.) Cass.
*Paleocyanus crassifolius (Bertoloni) Dostal
Santolina impressa Hoffmanns. & Link
Santolina semidentata Hoffmanns. & Link
Saussurea alpine subsp. esthonica (Buer ex Rupr) Kupferr
*Senecio elodes Boiss. ex DC.
Senecio jacobea L. subsp. gotlandicus (Neuman) Sterner
Senecio nevadensis Boiss. & Reuter
*Serratula lycopifolia (Vill.) A. Kern
Tephrosieris longifolia (Jacq.) Griseb et Schenk subsp. moravica

Convolvulaceae

*Convolvulus argyrothamnus Greuter
*Convolvulus fernandesii Pinto da Silva & Teles

Cruciferae

Alyssum pyrenaicum Lapeyr.
*Arabis kennedyae Meikle
Arabis sadina (Samp.) P. Cout.
Arabis scopoliana Boiss
*Biscutella neustriaca Bonnet
Biscutella vincentina (Samp.) Rothm.
Boleum asperum (Pers.) Desvaux
Brassica glabrescens Poldini
Brassica hilarionis Post
Brassica insularis Moris
*Brassica macrocarpa Guss.
Braya linearis Rouy
*Cochlearia polonica E. Frohlich
*Cochlearia tatrae Borbas
*Coincya rupestris Rouy
*Coronopus navasii Pau
Crambe tataria Sebeok
Diplotaxis ibicensis (Pau) Gomez-Campo
*Diplotaxis siettiana Maire
Diplotaxis vicentina (P. Cout.) Rothm.
Draba cacuminum Elis Ekman
Draba cinerea Adams
Erucastrum palustre (Pirona) Vis.
*Erysimum pieninicum (Zapal.) Pawl.
*Iberis arbuscula Runemark
Iberis procumbens Lange subsp. microcarpa Franco & Pinto da Silva
*Jonopsidium acaule (Desf.) Reichenb.
Jonopsidium savianum (Caruel) Ball ex Arcang.
Rhynchosinapis erucastrum (L.) Dandy ex Clapham subsp. cintrana (Coutinho) Franco & P.
Silva (Coincya cintrana (P.Cout.) Pinto da Silva)
Sisymbrium cavanillesianum Valdes & Castroviejo
Sisymbrium supinum L.
Thlaspi jankae A. Kern.

Cyperaceae
Carex holostoma Drejer
*Carex panormitana Guss.
Eleocharis carniolica Koch
Dioscoreaceae

*Borderea chouardii (Gaussen) Heslot

Droseraceae

Aldrovanda vesiculosa L.

Elatinaceae

Elatine gussonei (Sommier) Brullo et al

Ericaceae

Rhododendron luteum Sweet

Euphorbiaceae

*Euphorbia margalidiana Kuhbier & Lewejohann
Euphorbia transtagana Boiss.

Gentianaceae

*Centaurium rigualii Esteve
*Centaurium somedanum Lainz
Gentiana ligustica R. de Vilm. & Chopinet
Gentianella angelica (Pugsley) E. F. Warburg
*Gentianella bohemica Skalicky

Geraniaceae

*Erodium astragaloides Boiss. & Reuter
Erodium paularense Fernandez-Gonzalez & Izco
*Erodium rupicola Boiss.

Globulariaceae

* Globularia stygia Orph. Ex Boiss.

Gramineae

Arctagrostis latifolia (R.Br.) Griseb.
Arctophila fulva (Trin.) N. J. Anderson
Avenula hackelii (Henriq.) Holub
Bromus grossus Desf. ex DC.
Calamagrostis chalybaea (Laest.) Fries
Cinna latifolia (Trev.) Griseb.
Coleanthus subtilis (Tratt.) Seidl
Festuca brigantina (Markgr.-Dannenb.) Markgr.-Dannenb.
Festuca duriotagana Franco & R. Afonso
Festuca elegans Boiss.
Festuca henriquesii Hack.
Festuca sumilusitanica Franco & R. Afonso
Gaudinia hispanica Stace & Tutin
Holcus setiglumis Boiss. & Reuter subsp. duriensis Pinto da Silva
Micropyropsis tuberosa Romero — Zarco & Cabezudo
*Poa riphaea (Ascher et Graebner) Fritsch
Pseudarrhenatherum pallens (Link) J. Holub
Puccinellia pungens (Pau) Paunero
*Stipa austroitalica Martinovsky
*Stipa bavarica Martinovsky & H. Scholz
*Stipa styriaca Martinovsky
*Stipa veneta Moraldo
*Stipa zalesskii Wilensky
Trisetum subalpestre (Hartman) Neuman

Grossulariaceae
*Ribes sardoum Martelli

Hippuridaceae
Hippuris tetraphylla L. Fil.

Hypericaceae
*Hypericum aciferum (Greuter) N. K. B. Robson

Juncaceae
Juncus valvatus Link
Luzula arctica Blytt

Labiateae
Dracocephalum austriacum L.
*Micromeria taygetea P. H. Davis
Nepeta dirpha (Boiss.) Heldr. ex Halacsy
*Nepeta sphaciotica P. H. Davis
Origanum dictamnus L.
Phlomis brevibracteata Turril
Phlomis cypria Post
Salvia veneris Hedge
Sideritis cypria Post
Sideritis incana subsp. glauca (Cav.) Malagarriga
Sideritis javalambrensis Pau
Sideritis serrata Cav. ex Lag.
Teucrium lepicephalum Pau
Teucrium turredanum Losa & Rivas Goday
*Thymus camphoratus Hoffmanns. & Link Thymus carnosus Boiss.
Thymus carnosus Boiss.
*Thymus lotoccephalus G. Lopez & R. Morales (Thymus cephalotos L.)

Leguminosae
Anthyllis hystrix Cardona, Contandr. & E. Sierra
*Astragalus algarbiensis Coss. ex Bunge
*Astragalus aquilanus Anzalone
Astragalus centralpinus Braun-Blanquet
*Astragalus macrocarpus DC. Subsp. lefkarensis
*Astragalus maritimus Moris
Astragalus tremolsianus Pau
*Astragalus verrucosus Moris
*Cytisus aelicus Guss. ex Lindl.
Genista dorycnifolia Font Quer
Genista holopetala (Fleischm. ex Koch) Baldacci
Melilotus segetalis (Brot.) Ser. subsp. fallax Franco
*Ononis hackelii Lange
Trifolium saxatile All.
*Vicia bifoliatata J. D. Rodriguez

Lentibulariaceae
*Pinguicula crystallina Sm.
Pinguicula nevadensis (Lindb.) Casper

Liliaceae
Allium grosii Font Quer
*Androcymbium rechingeri Greuter
*Asphodelus bento-rainhae P. Silva
*Chionodoxa lochiaw Meikle in Kew Bull
Colchicum arenarium Waldst. et Kit.
Hyacinthoides vicentina (Hoffmanns. & Link) Rothm.
*Muscari gussonei (Parl.) Tod.
* Scilla litardierei Breist
Scilla morrisii Meikle
Tulipa cypria Stapf
Linaceae
   *Linum dolomiticum Borbas
   *Linum muelleri Moris (Linum maritimum muelleri)
Lythraceae
   *Lythrum flexuosum Lag.
Malvaceae
   Kosteletzkya pentacarpos (L.) Ledeb.
Najadaceae
   Najas flexilis (Willd.) Rostk. & W. L. Schmidt
   Najas tenuissima (A. Braun) Magnus
Orchidaceae
   Anacamptis urvilleana Sommier et Caruana Gatto
   Calypso bulbosa L.
   *Cephalanthera cucullata Boiss. & Heldr.
   Cypripedium calceolus L.
   Gymnigritella runei Teppner & Klein
   Himantoglossum adriaticum Baumann
   Himantoglossum caprinum (Bieb.) V. Koch
   Liparis loeselii (L.) Rich.
   *Ophrys lunulata Parl.
   Ophrys melitensis (Salkowski) J et P Devillers-Terschuren
   Platanthera obtusata (Pursh) subsp. oligantha (Turez) Hulten
Orobanchaceae
   Orobanche densiflora Salzmann ex Reuter in DC
Paeoniaceae
   Paeonia cambessedesii (Willk.) Willk.
   Paeonia clusii F. C. Stern subsp. rhodia (Steam) Tzanoudakis
   Paeonia officinalis L. subsp. banatica (Rachel) Soo
   Paeonia parnassica Tzanoudakis
Palmae
   Phoenix theophrasti Greuter
Papaveraceae
   Corydalis gotlandica Liden
   Papaver laestadianum (Nordh.) Nordh.
   Papaver radicatum Rotth. Subsp. hyperboreum Nordh.
Plantaginaceae

Plantago algarbiensis Sampaio (Plantago bracteosa (Willk.) G. Sampaio)
Plantago almogravensis Franco

Plumbaginaceae

Armeria berlengensis Daveau
* Armeria helodes Martini & Pold
Armeria negleta Girard
Armeria pseudarmeria (Murray) Mansfeld
* Armeria rouyana Daveau
Armeria soleirolii (Duby) Godron
Armeria velutina Welw. Ex Boiss & Reuter
Limonium dodartii (Girard) O. Kuntze subsp. lusitanicum (Daveau) Franco
* Limonium insulare (Beg. & Landi) Arrig. & Diana
Limonium lanceolatum (Hoffmans. & Link) Franco
Limonium multiflorum Erben
* Limonium pseudolaetum Arrig. & Diana
* Limonium strictissimum (Salzmann) Arrig.

Polygonaceae

Persicaria foliosa (H. Lindb.) Kitag.
Polygonum praelongum Coode & Cullen
Rumex rupestris Le Gall

Primulaceae

Androsace mathildae Levier
Androsace pyrenaica Lam.
*Cyclamen fatrense Halda et Sojak
* Primula apennina Widmer
Primula carniolica Jacq.
Primula nutans Georgi
Primula palinuri Petagna
Primula scandinavica Bruun
Soldanella villosa Darracq.

Ranunculaceae

* Aconitum corsicum Gayer (Aconitum napellus subsp. corsicum)
Aconitum firmum (Reichenb.) Neirl subsp. moravicum Skalicky
Adonis distorta Ten.
Aquilegia bertolonii Schott
Aquilegia kitaibelii Schott
*Aquilegia pyrenaica D.C. subsp. cazorlensis (Heywood) Galiano
*Consolida samia P.H. Davis
*Delphinium caseyi B.L. Burtt
Pulsatilla grandis Wenderoth
Pulsatilla patens (L.) Miller
*Pulsatilla pratensis (L.) Miller subsp. hungarica Soo
*Pulsatilla slavica G.Reuss
*Pulsatilla subslavica Futak ex Goliasova
Pulsatilla vulgaris Hill. Subsp. gotlandica (Johanss.) Zaemelis & Paegle
Ranunculus kykkoensis Meikle
Ranunculus lapponicus L.
*Ranunculus weyleri Mares
Resedaceae
*Reseda decursiva Forssk.
Rosaceae
Agrimonia pilosa Ledebour
Potentilla delphinensis Gren. & Godron
*Pyrus magyarica Terpo
Sorbus teodorii Liljefors
Rubiaceae
Galium cracoviense Ehrend.
*Galium litorale Guss.
*Galium sudeticum Tausch
*Galium viridiflorum Boiss. & Reuter
Salicaceae
Salix salvifolia Brot. Subsp. australis Franco
Santalaceae
Thesium ebracteatum Hayne
Saxifragaceae
Saxifraga berica (Beguinot) D.A. Webb
Saxifraga florulenta Moretti
Saxifraga hirculus L.
Saxifraga osloensis Knaben
Saxifraga tombeanensis Boiss. Ex Engl.

Scrophulariaceae

Antirrhinum charidemi Lange
Chaenorrhinum serpyllifolium (Lange) Lange subsp. lusitanicum R. Fernandes
*Euphrasia genargentea (Feoli) Diana
Euphrasia marchesettii Wettst. ex Marches
Linaria algarviana Chav.
Linaria coutinhoi Valdes
Linaria loeselii Schweigger
*Linaria ficalhoana Rouy
Linaria flava (Poiret) Desf.
*Linaria hellenica Turrill
Linaria pseudolaxiflora Lojacono
*Linaria ricardoi Cout.
Linaria tonzigii Lona
*Linaria tursica B.Valdes & Cabezudo
Odontites granatensis Boiss.
*Pedicularis sudetica Willd.
Rhinanthus oesiliesis (Ronninger & Saarson) Vassilez
Tozzia carpathica Wol.
Verbacum litigosum Samp.
Veronica micrantha Hoffmanns & Link
*Veronica oetaea L.-A. Gustavsson

Solanaceae

*Atropa baetica Willk.

Thymelaeeaeae

*Daphne arbuscula Celak
Daphne petraea Leybold
*Daphne rodriguezii Texidor

Ulmaceae

Zelkova abelicea (Lam.) Boiss.

Umbelliferae

*Angelica heterocarpa Lloyd
Angelica palustris (Besser) Hoffm
*Apium bermejoi Llorens
Apium repens (Jacq.) Lag.
Athanamata corteana Ferrarini
*Bupleurum capillare Boiss. & Heldr.
*Bupleurum kakiskalae Greuter
Eryngium alpinum L.
*Eryngium viviparum Gay
*Ferula sadleriana Lebed.
Hladniki pastinacifolia Reichenb.
*Laserpitium Ingoradium Boiss.
*Naufraga balearica Constans & Cannon
*Oenanthe conioides Lange
Petagna saniculifolia Guss.
Rouya polygama (Desf.) Coincy
*Seseli intricatum Boiss.
Seseli leucospermum Waldst. et Kit
Thorella verticillatinundata (Thore) Briq.
Valerianaceae
Centranthus trinervis (Viv.) Beguinit
Violaceae
*Viola hispida Lam.
Viola jaubertiana Mares & Vigineix
Viola rupestris F.W, Schmidt subsp. relictula Jalas

**Lower plants**

Bryophyta
Bruchia vogesiaca Schwaegr. (o)
Brychnia novae-angliae (Sull & Lesq.) Grout (o)
*Bryobryanthrophyllum campylocarpum (C. Mull.) Crum
(Bryobryanthrophyllum machadoanum (Sergio) M.O.Hill) (o)
Buxbaumia viridis (Moug.) Moug. & Nestl. (o)
Cephalozia macounii (Aust.) Aust. (o)
Cynodontium suecicum (H. Arn. & C. Jens) I. Hag. (o)
Dichelyma capillaceum (Dicks) Myr. (o)
Dicranum viride (Sull & Lesq.) Lindb. (o)
Distichophyllum carinatum Dix. & Nich. (o)
Drepanocladus (Hamatocaulis) vernicosus (Mitt.) Warnst. (o)
Encalypta mutica (I.Hagen) (o)
Hamatocaulis lapponicus (Norrl.) Hedenas (o)
Herzogiella turfacea (Lindb.) I. Wats. (o)
Hygrohypnum montanum (Lindb.) Broth. (o)
Jungermannia handelii (Schiffn.) Amak. (o)
Mannia triandra (Scop.) Grolle (o)
*Marsupella profunda Lindb. (o)
Meesia longiseta Hedw. (o)
Nothothylas orbicularis (Schwein.) Sull. (o)
Ochryaea tatrensis Vana (o)
Orthothecium lapponicum (Scimp.) C. Hartm. (o)
Orthohtrichum rogeri Brid. (o)
Petalophyllum ralfsii (Wils.) Nees & Gott. (o)
Plagiomnium drummondi (Bruch & Schimp.) T. Kop. (o)
Riccia breidleri Jur. (o)
Riella helicophylla (Bory & Mont.) Mont. (o)
Scapania massolongi (k. Mull) K. Mull (o)
Sphagnum pylaisii Brid. (o)
Tayloria rudolphiana (Garov) B. & S. (o)
Tortella rigens (N. Alberts) (o)

SPECIES OF THE MACARONESIAN ISLANDS

PTERIDOPHYTA

Hymenophyllaceae
Hymenophyllum maderensis Gibby & Lovis
Dryopteridaceae
* Polystichum drepanum (Sw.) C. Presl.
Isoetaceae
Isoetes azorica Durieu & Paiva ex Milde
Marsileaceae
* Marsilea azorica Launert & Paiva

ANGIOSPERMAE

Asclepiadaceae
Caralluma burchardii N.E. Brown
*Cerapegia chrysantha Svent.

Boraginaceae
Echium candicans L. fil.
*Echium gentianoides Webb & Coincy
Myosotis azorica H. C. Watson
Myosotis maritime Hochst. In Seub.

Campanulaceae
*Azorina vidalii (H.C. Watson) Feer
Musschia aurea (L.f.) DC.
*Musschia wollastonii Lowe

Caprifoliaceae
*Sambucus palmensis Link

Caryophyllaceae
Spergularia azorica (Kindb.) Lebel

Celastraceae
Maytenus umbellate (R.Br.) Mabb.

Chenopodiaceae
Beta patula Ait.

Cistaceae
Cistus chinamadensis Banares & Romero
*Helianthemum bystropogophyllum Svent.

Compositae
Andryala crithmifolia Ait.
*Argyranthemum lidii Humphries
Argyranthemum thalassophyllum (Svent.) Hump.
Argyranthemum winterii (Svent.) Humphries
*Atractylis arbuscula Svent. & Michaelis
Atractylis preauxiana Schultz

Calendula maderensis DC
Cheirolophus duranii (Burchard) Holub
Cheirolophus ghomerytus (Svent.) Holub
Cheirolophus junonianus (Svent.) Holub
Cheirolophus massonianus (Lowe) Hansen & Sund.
Cirsium latifolium Lowe
Helichrysum gossypinum Webb
Helichrysum monogynum Burtt & Sund.
Hypochoeris oligocephala (Svent. & Bramw.) Lack
*Lactuca watsoniana Trel.
*Onopordum nogalesii Svent.
*Onopordum carduelinum Bolle
*Pericallis hadrosoma (Svent.) B. Nord
Phagnalon benettii Lowe
Stemmacantha cynaroides (Chr. Son. in Buch) Ditt
Sventenia bupleuroides Font Quer
*Tanacetum ptarmiciflorum Webb & Berth

Convolvulaceae

*Convolvulus caput-medusae Lowe
*Convolvulus lopez-socasii Svent.
*Convolvulus massonii A. Dietr.

Crassulaceae

Aeonium gomeraense Praeger
Aeonium saundersii Bolle
Aichryson dumosum (Lowe) Praeg.
Monanthes wildpretii Banares & Scholz
Sedum brissemoretii Raymond-Hamet

Cruciferae

*Crambe arborea Webb ex Christ
Crambe laevigata DC. ex Christ
*Crambe svenstenii R. Petters ex Bramwell & Sund.
*Parolinia schizogynoides Svent.
Sinapidendron rupestre (Ait.) Lowe

Cyperaceae

Carex malato-belizii Raymond

Dipsacaceae

Scabiosa nitens Roemer & J.A. Schultes

Ericaceae

Erica scoparia L. subsp. azorica (Hochst.) D.A. Webb

Euphorbiaceae

*Euphorbia handiensis Burchard

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Euphorbia lambii Svent.

Euphorbia stygiana H. C. Watson

Geraniaceae

*Geranium maderense P.F.Yeo

Gramineae

Deschampsia maderensis (Haeck. & Born.) Buschm.

Phalaris maderensis (Menezes) Menezes

Globulariaceae

*Globularia ascanii D. Bramwell & Kunkel

*Globularia sarcophylla Svent.

Labiatae

*Sideritis cystosiphon Svent.

*Sideritis discolour (Webb ex de Noe) Bolle

Sideritis infernalis Bolle

Sideritis marmoreal Bolle

Teucrium abutiloides L’Hér

Teucrium betonicum L’Hér

Leguminosae

*Anagyris latifolia Brouss. ex WilLd.

Anthyllis lemanniana Lowe

*Dorycnium spectabile Webb & Berthel

*Lotus azoricus P. W. Ball

Lotus callis-viridis D. Bramwell & D. H. Davis

*Lotus kunkelii (E. Chueca) D. Bramwell & aL.

*Teline rosmarinifolia Webb & Berthel.

*Teline salsoloides Arco & Acebes.

Vicia dennesiana H. C. Watson

Liliaceae

*Androcymbium psammophilum Svent.

Scilla maderensis Menezes

Semele maderensis Costa

Loranthaceae

Arceuthobium azoricum Wiens & Hawksw

Myricaceae

*Myrica rivas-martinezii Santos.
Oleaceae
   Jasminum azoricum L.
   Picconia azorica (Tutin) Knobl.
Orchidaceae
   *Goodyera macrophylla Lowe
Pittosporaceae
   *Pittosporum coriaceum Dryand. Ex. Ait.
Plantaginaceae
   Plantago malato-belizii Lawalree
Plumbaginaceae
   *Limonium arborescens (Brouss.) Kuntze
   Limonium dendroides Svent.
   *Limonium spectabile (Svent.) Kunket & Sunding
   *Limonium sventenii Santos & Fernandez Galvan
Polygonaceae
   Rumex azoricus Rech. fil.
Rhamnaceae
   Frangula azorica Tutin
Rosaceae
   *Bencomia brachystachya Svent.
   Bencomia sphaerocarpa Svent.
   *Chamaemetes coriacea Lindl.
   Dendriopterium pulidoi Svent.
   Marcetella maderensis (Born.) Svent.
   Prunus lusitanica L. subsp. azorica (Mouillef.) Franco
   Sorbus maderensis (Lowe) Dode
Santalaceae
   Kunkeliella subsuucculenta Kammer
Scrophulariaceae
   *Euphrasia azorica H.C. Watson
   Euphrasia grandiflora Hochst. in Seub.
   *Isoplexis chalcantha Svent. & O’Shanahan
   Isoplexis isabelliana (Webb & Berthel.) Masferrer
   Odontites holliana (Lowe) Benth.
   Sibthoropia peregrina L.
Solanaceae
*Solanum lidii Sunding

Umbelliferae
Ammi trifoliatum (H. C. Watson) Trelease
Bupleurum handiense (Bolle) Kunkel
Chaerophyllum azoricum Trelease
Ferula latipinna Santos
Melanoselinum decipiens (Schrader & Wendl.) Hoffm.
Monizia edulis Lowe
Oenanthe divaricata (R. Br.) Mabb.
Sanicula azorica Guthnick ex Seub.

Violaceae
Viola paradoxa Lowe

**Lower Plants**

Bryophyta
*Echinodium Spinosum (Mltt.) Jur. (o)
*Thamnobryum fernandesii Sergio (o)

**SCHEDULE 3**

(Sections 11 and 13)

**FAUNA AND FLORA SPECIES OF EUROPEAN INTEREST IN NEED OF SPECIAL PROTECTION**

(a) The species listed in this Schedule are indiated:
   — by the name of species or subspecies, or
   — by the body of species belonging to a higher taxon or to a designated part of that taxon.

(b) The abbreviation ‘spp.’ after the name of a family or genus designates all the species belonging to such family or genus.

**PART A – FAUNA**

**VERTEBRATES**

**MAMMALS**

**INSECTIVORA**

Erinaceidae
Erinaceus algirus
Soricidae
    Crocidura canariensis
    Crocidura sicula
Talpidae
    Galemys pyrenaicus

MICROCHIROPTERA
    All species

MEGACHIROPTERA
    Pteropodidae
    Rousettus aegyptiacus

RODENTIA
    Gliridae
        All species except Glis glis and Eliomys quercinus
    Sciuridae
        Marmota marmota latirostris
        Pteromys volans (Sciuropterus russicus)
        Spermophilus citellus (Citellus citellus)
        Spermophilus suslicus (Citellus suslicus)
        Sciurus anomalus
    Castoridae
        Castor fiber (except Estonian, Latvian, Lithouanian, Polish, Finnish and Swedish populations)
    Cricetidae
        Cricetus cricetus (except Hungarian populations)
    Microtidae
        Microtus cabrerae
        Microtus oeconomus arenicola
        Microtus oeconomus mehelyi
        Microtus tatricus
    Zapodidae
        Sicista betulina
        Sicista subtilis
    Hystricidae
        Hystrix cristata

CARNIVORA
Canidae
   Alopex lagopus
   Canis lupus (except Grek populations north of the 39th parallel; Estonian populations; Spanish populations north of the Duero; Latvian, Lithouanian, Polish, Sloval populations and Finnish populations within the management site of the reindeer as determined in section 2 of the Finnish Law No. 848/90 of 14 September 1990)

Ursidae
   Ursus arctos

Mustelidae
   Lutra lutra
   Mustela eversmanii
   Mustela lutreola

Felidae
   Felis silvestris
   Lynx lynx
   Lynx pardinus

Phocidae
   Monachus monachus
   Phoca hispida saimensis

ARTIODACTYLA

Cervidae
   Cervus elaphus corsicanus

Bovidae
   Bison bonasus
   Capra aegagrus (natural populations)
   Capra pyrenaica pyrenaica
   Ovis gmelini musimon (Ovis ammon musimon) (natural populations — Corsica and Sardinia)
   Rupicapra pyrenaica ornate (Rupicapra rupicapra ornata)
   Rupicapra rupicapra balcanica
   Rupicapra rupicapra tatrica

CETACEA
   All species

REPTILES

TESTUDINATA
Testudinidae
   Testudo hermanni
   Testudo graeca
   Testudo marginata
Cheloniidae
   Caretta caretta
   Chelonia mydas
   Lepidochelys kempii
   Eretmochelys imbricata
Dermochelyidae
   Dermochelys coriacea
Emydidae
   Emys orbicularis
   Mauremys caspica
   Mauremys leprosa
SAURIA
Lacertidae
   Algyroides fitzingeri
   Algyroides marchi
   Algyroides moreoticus
   Algyroides nigropunctatus
   Gallotia galloti
   Gallotia galloti insulanagae
   Gallotia simonyi
   Gallotia stehlini
   Lacerta agilis
   Lacerta bedriagae
   Lacerta bonnali (Lacerta monticola)
   Lacerta danfordi
   Lacerta dugesi
   Lacerta graeca
   Lacerta horvathi
   Lacerta schreiberi
   Lacerta trilineata
   Lacerta viridis
Lacerta vivipara pannonica
Ophisops elegans
Podarcis erhardii
Podarcis filfolensis
Podarcis hispanica atrata
Podarcis lilfordi
Podarcis melisellensis
Podarcis milensis
Podarcis muralis
Podarcis peloponnesiaca
Podarcis pityusensis
Podarcis sicula
Podarcis taurica
Podarcis tiliguerta
Podarcis wagleriana

Scincidae
Ablepharus kitaibelli
Chalcides bedriagai
Chalcides ocellatus
Chalcides sexlineatus
Chalcides simonyi (Chalcides occidentalis)
Chalcides viridianus
Ophiomorus punctatissimus

Gekkonidae
Cyrtopodion kotschyi
Phyllodactylus europaeus
Tarentola angustimentalis
Tarentola boettgeri
Tarentola delalandii
Tarentola gomerensis

Agamidae
Stellio stellio

Chamaeleontidae
Chamaeleo chamaeleon

Anguidae
Ophisaurus apodus

OPHIDIA

Colubridae
Coluber caspius
Coluber cypriensis
Coluber hippocrepis
Coluber jugularis
Coluber laurenti
Coluber najadum
Coluber nummifer
Coluber viridiflavus
Coronella austriaca
Eirenis modesta
Elaphe longissima
Elaphe quatuorlineata
Elaphe situla
Natrix natrix cetti
Natrix natrix corsa
Natrix natrix cypriaca
Natrix tessellata
Teleczopus falax

Viperidae
Vipera ammodytes
Macroviipera schweizeri (Vipera lebetina schweizeri)
Vipera seoanni (except Spanish populations)
Vipera ursinii
Vipera xanthina

Boidae
Eryx jaculus

AMPHIBIANS

CAUDATA

Salamandridae
Chioglossa lusitanica
Euproctus asper
Euproctus montanus
Euproctus platycephalus
Mertensiella luschani (Salamandra luschani)
Salamandra atra
Salamandra aurorae
Salamandra lanzai
Salamandrina terdigitata
Triturus carnifex (Triturus cristatus carnifex)
Triturus cristatus (Triturus cristatus cristatus)
Triturus italicus
Triturus karelinii (Triturus cristatus karelinii)
Triturus marmoratus
Triturus montandoni
Proteidae
Proteus anguinus
Plethodontidae
Hydromantes (Speleomantes) ambrosii
Hydromantes (Speleomantes) flavus
Hydromantes (Speleomantes) genei
Hydromantes (Speleomantes) imperialis
Hydromantes (Speleomantes) strinatii (Hydromantes (Speleomantes) italicus)
Hydromantes (Speleomantes) supramontes
ANURA
Discoglossidae
Alytes cisternasii
Alytes muletensis
Alytes obstetricans
Bombina bombina
Bombina variegata
Discoglossus galganoi (including Discoglossus “jeanneae”)
Discoglossus jeanneae
Discoglossus montalentii
Discoglossus pictus
Discoglossus sardus
Ranidae
Rana arvalis
Rana dalmatina
Rana graeca
Rana iberica
Rana italica
Rana latastei
Rana lessonae

Pelobatidae
Pelobates cultripes
Pelobates fuscus
Pelobates syriacus

Bufonidae
Bufo calamita
Bufo viridis

Hylidae
Hyla arborea
Hyla meridionalis
Hyla sarda

FISH
ACIPENSERIFORMES
Acipenseridae
Acipenser naccarii
Acipenser sturio

SALMONIFORMES
Coregonidae
Coregonus oxyrhynchus (anadromous populations in certain sectors of the North Sea, except Finnish populations)

CYPRINIFORMES
Cyprinidae
Anaecypris hispanica
Phoxinus percnurus

ATHERINIFORMES
Cyprinodontidae
Valencia hispanica

PERCIFORMES
Percidae
   Zingel asper
   Gymnocephalus baloni

INVERTEBRATES

ARTHROPODS

CRUSTACEA
   Isopoda
      Armadillidium ghardalamensis

INSECTA
   Coleoptera
      Bolbelasmus unicornis
      Buprestis splendens
      Carabus hampei
      Carabus hungaricus
      Carabus olympiae
      Carabus variolosus
      Carabus zawadzkii
      Cerambyx cerdo
      Cucujus cinnaberinus
      Dorcadion fulvum cervae
      Duvalius gebhardti
      Duvalius hungaricus
      Dytiscus latissimus
      Graphoderus bilineatus
      Leptodirus hochenwarti
      Pilemia tigrina
      Osmoderma eremita
      Phryganophilus ruficollis
      Probaticus subrugosus
      Propomacrus cypriacus
      Pseudogaurotina excellens
      Pseudoseriscius cameroni
      Pytho kolwensis
Rosalia alpina

Lepidoptera

Apatura metis
Arytrura musculus
Catopta thrips
Chondrosoma fiduciariurn
Coenonympha hero
Coenonympha oedippus
Colias myrmidone
Cucullia mixta
Diosszeghyana schmidtii
Erannis ankeraria
Erebia calcaria
Erebia christi
Erebia sudetica
Eriogaster catax
Fabriciana elisa
Glyphipterix loricatella
Gortyna borelii lunata
Hypodryas maturna
Hyles hippophaes
Leptidea morsei
Lignyoptera fumidaria
Lopinga achine
Lycaena dispar
Lycaena helle
Maculinea arion
Maculinea nausithous
Maculinea teleius
Melanagria arge
Nymphalis vaualbum
Papilio alexanor
Papilio hospiton
Parnassius apollo
Parnassius mnemosyne
Phyllometra culminaria
Plebicula golgus
Polymixis rufocincta isolate
Polyommatus eroides
Proserpinus proserpina
Xylomoia strix
Zerynthia polyxena

Mantodea
Apteromantis aptera

Odonata
Aeshna viridis
Cordulegaster heros
Cordulegaster trinacriae
Gomphus grastinii
Leucorrhina albifrons
Leucorrhina caudalis
Leucorrhina pectoralis
Lindennia tetraphylla
Macromia splendens
Ophiogomphus cecilia
Oxygastra curtisi
Stylurus flavipes
Sympecma braueri

Orthoptera
Baetica ustulata
Brachytrupes megacephalus
Isophya costata
Isophya stysi
Myrmecophilus baronii
Odontopodisma rubripes
Paracaloptenus caloptenoides
Pholidoptera transsylvanica
Saga pedo
Stenobothrus (Stenobothrodes) eurasius

ARACHNIDA
Araneae

Macrothele calpeiana

MOLLUSCS

GASTROPODA

Anisus vorticulus
Caseolus calculus
Caseolus commixta
Caseolus sphaerula
Chilostoma banaticum
Discula leacockiana
Discula tabellata
Discula testudinalis
Discula turricula
Discus defloratus
Discus guerinianus
Elona quimperiana
Geomalacus maculosus
Geomitra moniziana
Gibbula nivosa
Hygromia kovaci
Idiomela (Helix) subplicata
Lampedusa imitatrix
Lampedusa melitensis
Leiostyla cassida
Leiostyla corneocostata
Leiostyla gibba
Leiostyla lamellose
Paladilhia hungarica
Patella feruginea
Sadleriana pannonica
Theodoxus prevostianus
Theodoxus transversalis

BIVALVIA
Anisomyaria
  Lithophaga lithophaga
  Pinna nobilis
Unionoida
  Margaritifera auricularia
ECHINODERMATA
  Echinoidea
  Centrostephanus longispinus

PART B – FLORA

This part of the Schedule covers all the flora species of Schedule 2, except the bryophyte, plus those listed here below:

PTERIDOPHYTA
ASPLENIACEAE
  Asplenium hemionitis L.

ANGIOSPERMAE
Agavaceae
  Draceana draco (l.) L.
Amaryllidaceae
  Narcissus longispathus Pugsley
  Narcissus trandrus L.
Berberidaceae
  Berberis maderensis Lowe
Campanulaceae
  Campanula morettiana Reichenb.
  Physoplexis comosa (L.) Schur
Caryophyllaceae
  Moehringia fontqueri Pau
Compositae
  Argyranthemum pinnatifidum (L.f.) Lowe* subsp. succulentum (Lowe)
  C.J. Humphries
  Helichrysum sibthorpii Rouy
  Picris willkommii (Schultz Bip.) Nyman
  Santolina elegans Boiss. ex DC
  Senecio caespitosus Brot.
Senecio lagascanus DC. subsp. lusitanicus (P.Cout.) Pinto da Silva
Wagenetzia lancifolia (Sieber ex Sprengel) Dostal

Cruciferae
Murbeckiella sousae Rothm.

Ericaceae
Rhododendron luteum Sweet

Euphorbiaceae
Euphorbia nevadensis Boiss. & Reuter

Gesneriaceae
Jankaea heldreichii (Boiss.) Boiss.
Ramonda serbica Pancic

Iridaceae
Crocus etruscus Parl.
Iris boissieri Henriq.
Iris marisca Ricci & Colasante

Labiatae
Rosmarinus tomentosus Huber-Morath & Maire
Teucrium charidemi Sandwith
Thymus capitellatus Hoffmanns. & Link
Thymus villosus L. subsp. Villosus L.

Liliaceae
Androcymbium europium (Lange) K. Richter
Bellevalia hackelli Freyn
Colchicum corsicum Baker
Colchicum cousturieri Greuter
Fritillaria conica Rix
Fritillaria drenovski Dogen & Stoy.
Fritillaria gussichiae (Degen & Doerfler) Rix
Fritillaria oblique Ker-Gawl.
Fritillaria rhodocanakis Orph. ex Baker
Ornithogalum reverchonii Degen & Herv.-Bass.
Scilla beirana Samp.
Scilla odorata Link

Orchidaceae
Ophrys argolica Fleischm.
Orchis scopulorum Simsmerh.
Spiranthes aestivalis (Poiret) L.C.M. Richard

Primulaceae
Androsace cylindrical DC.
Primula glaucescens Moretti
Primula spectabilis Tratt.

Ranunculaceae
Aquilegia alpina L.

Sapotaceae
Sideroxylon marmulano Banks ex Lowe

Saxifragaceae
Saxifraga cintrana Kuzinsky ex Willk.
Saxifraga portosanctana Boiss.
Saxifraga presolanensis Engl.
Saxifraga valdensis DC.
Saxifraga vayredana Luizet

Scrophulariaceae
Antirrhinum lopesianum Rothm.
Lindernia procumbens (Krocker) Philcox

Solonaceae
Mandragora officinarum L.

Thymelaeaceae
Thymelaea broterana P. Cout.

Umbelliferae
Bunium brevifolium Lowe

Violaceae
Viola athois W. Becker
Viola cazorlensis Gandoger
Viola delphinantha Boiss.

SCHEDULE 4

FAUNA AND FLORA SPECIES OF EUROPEAN INTEREST WHOSE CAPTURE AND EXPLOITATION MAY BE SUBJECT TO MANAGEMENT MEASURES

(a) The species listed in this Schedula are indicated:
— by the name of the species or subspecies, or
— by the body of species belonging to a higher taxon or to a designated part of that taxon.

(b) The abbreviation 'spp.' after the name of a family or genus designates all the species belonging to such family or genus.

PART A – FAUNA
VERTEBRATES

MAMMALS

RODENTA

Castoridae

Castor fiber (except Esthonian, Latvian, Lithouanian, Finnish and Swedish populations)

Cricetidae

Cricetus cricetus (Hungarian populations)

CARNIVORA

Canidae

Canis aureus

Canis lupus (Spanish populations north of the Duero, Greek populations north of the 39th Finnish populations within the management site of deer as determined in paragraph 2 of the Finnish Law No. 848/90 of 14 September 1990 on the management of deer, Latvian, Lithouanian, Esthonian, Polish and Slovak populations)

Mustelidae

Martes martes

Mustela putorius

Phocidae

All species not mentioned in Schedule 3

Viverridae

Genetta genetta

Herpestes ichneumon

DUPLICIDENTATA

Leporidae

Lepus timidus

ARTIODACTYLA

Bovidae

Capra ibex
Capra pyrenaica (except Capra pyrenaica pyrenaica) Rupicapra rupicapra (except Rupicapra rupicapra balcanica, Rupicapra rupicapra ornate and Rupicapra rupicapra tatrica)

AMPHIBIANS

ANURA
Ranidae
Rana esculenta
Rana perezi
Rana ridibunda
Rana temporaria

FISH

PETROMYZONIFORMES
Petromyzonidae
Lampetra fluviatilis
Lethenteron zanandrai

ACIPENSERIFORMES
Acipenseridae
All species not mentioned in Schedule 3

CLUPEIFORMES
Clupeidae
Alosa spp.

SALMONIFORMES
Salmonidae
Thymallus thymallus
Coregonus spp. (except Coregonus oxyrhynchus — anadromous populations in certain sectors of the North Sea)
Hucho hucho
Salmo salar (only in fresh water)

CYPRINIFORMES
Cyprinidae
Aspius aspius
Barbus spp.
Pelecus cultratus
Rutilus friesii meidingeri
Rutilus pigus virgo

SILURIFORMES
Siluridae
Silurus aristotelis

PERCIFORMES
Percidae
Gymnocephalus schraetzer
Zingel zingel

INVERTEBRATES

COELENTERATA
Cnidaria
Corallium rubrum

MOLLUSCA
GASTROPODA — STYLOMMATOPHORA
Helix pomatia

BIVALVIA — UNIONOIDEA
Margaritiferidae
Margaritifera margaritifera
Unionidae
Microcondylaea compressa
Unio elongatulus

ANNELOIDA
HIRUDINOIDEA — ARHYNCHOBDELLAE
Hirudinidae
Hirudo medicinalis

ARTHROPODA
CRUSTACEA-DECAPODA
Astacidae
Astacus astacus
Austropotamobius pallipes
Austropotamobius torrentium
Scyllaridae
Scyllarides latus
INSECTA-LEPIDOPTERA
Saturniidae
    Graellsia isabellae

PART B - FLORA

ALGAE
RHODOPHYTA
    Corallinaceae
        Lithothamnium coralloides Crouan frat.
        Phymatholithon calcareum (Poll.) Adey & McKibbin

LICHENES
Cladoniaceae
    Cladonia L. subgenus Cladina (Nyl.) Vain.

BRYOPHYTA
MUSCI
    Leucobryaceae
        Leucobryum glaucum (Hedw.) AAngstr.
    Sphagnaceae
        Sphagnum L. spp. (excp Sphagnum pylasii Brid.)

PTERIDOPHYTA
    Lycopodium spp.

ANGIOSPERMAE
    Amaryllidaceae
        Galanthus nivalis L.
        Narcissus bulbocodium L.
        Narcissus juncifolius Lagasca
    Compositae
        Arnica montana L.
        Artemisia eriantha Ten
        Artemisia genipi Weber
        Doronicum plantagineum L. subsp. tournefortii (Rouy) P. Cout.
        Leuzea rhaponticoides Graells

Cruciferae
Alyssum pintadasilvae Dudley.
Malcolmia lacera (L.) DC. subsp. graccilima (Samp.) Franco
Murbeckiella pinnatifida (Lam.) Rothm. subsp. herminii (Rivas-Martinez) Greuter & Burdet

Gentianaceae
Gentiana lutea L.

Iridaceae
Iris lusitanica Ker-Gawler

Labiatae
Teucrium salviastrum Schreber subsp. salviastrum Schreber

Leguminose
Anthyllis lusitanica Cullen & Pinto da Silva
Dorycnium pentaphyllum Scop. subsp. transmontana Franco
Ulex densus- WeIw. ex Webb.

Liliaceae
Lilium rubrum Link
Ruscus aculeatus L.

Plumbaginaceae
Armeria sampaio (Bernis) Nieto Feliner

Rosaceae
Rubus genevieri Boreau subsp. herminii (Samp.) P. Cout.

Scrophulariaceae
Anarrhinum longipedicelatum R. Fernandes
Euphrasia mendonçae Samp.
Scrophularia grandiflora DC. subsp. grandiflora DC.
Scrophularia berminii Hoffmanns & Link
Scrophularia sublyrata Brot.

SCHEDULE 5

PROHIBITED IMPORT PRODUCTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Class of the Common Customs Tariff</th>
<th>Description of Product</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>ex 43.01</td>
<td>Raw furskins and furskins tanned or dressed, including furskins assembled in plates, sacs, squares, crosses and similar forms of:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ex 43.02A</td>
<td>- whitecoat pups of harp seals,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- pups of hooded seals (blue-backs)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>